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COLONEL Oscar Turner is on the war-path in the district. He will make a brilliant canvass as alternate elector for the State at large.

THE friends of Judge Crossland are urging him to run for Congress against Judge Trimble.

IN the Eighth Congressional District Democratic Convention, held at Brownville, Tenn., Hon. John W. Leftwich was nominated for Congress, and Colonel W. W. Vaughan nominated for Presidential Elector. The convention was large and enthusiastic, and sanguine hopes are entertained that, in view of the Radical dissensions in the Eighth District, Mr. Leftwich will be elected.

VIRGINIA is not to be *reconstructed* [illegible] congress, and without intending to [illegible] the slightest upon the course of our [illegible] sent distinguished Representative, they feel constrained to call upon Judge Crossland, who was born and reared among them, to yield to their wishes and become a candidate for the position indicated.

Certainly no man deserves more at the hands of the people of Western Kentucky than Judge Crossland, and as amnesty, full, complete and perfect, is one of the cardinal tenets of the Democratic party, let the "Linn Boyd Democracy" of the "Old First," *be the first* to carry this generous and politic doctrine into practical operation, by elevating to a seat in the Federal Congress a Confederate soldier, who, in good faith obeys and respects the Federal Constitution and laws, who is a loyal citizen of the Republic, whose honor is untarnished, and whose integrity, personal and political, has ever been unchallenged.

HICKMAN.

Clinton, Ky., July 26, 1868.

The Last of the Ku Klux.

The following fearful order appears in the Hartsville (Tenn.,) Vidette, a few days ago. The Legislature should see to it forwith:

KU KLUX!!! LOO LOOS!!!

Head Qts. Everywhere!!!
Dark Of The Moon!!!
Heavy Times!!!

[Here appears a terrific picture illustrating the punishment of delinquents.]

Halt and Listen! Read and turn pale in the face!!! Delinquent Subscribers hear your doom!!! Pay your Subscription. The Vidette is looking for you! Death to Traitors!!! Send the $3 00!!! Pay for your Advertisements! Look out! Mule in the Cellar! Dead man in the Loft! Guilty of Sedition if you don't send the Money!!!

By Order of
TWO CYCLOPSES,
(Big Ones.)

A NOBLE SENTIMENT.—Some true heart has given expression to its generous nature in the following beautiful sentiment:

"Never desert a friend when enemies gather round him. When sickness falls on the heart, when the world is dark and cheerless is the time to try a true friend. They who turn from a scene of distress betray their hypocrisy, and prove that interest moves them. If you have a friend who loves you and studies your interest and happiness, be sure and sustain him in adversity. Let him feel that his former kindness is appreciated, and that his love is not thrown away. Real fidelity may be rare, but it exists in the heart. Who has not seen and felt its powers? They deny its worth who never loved a friend, or labored to make a friend happy."

Gas Explosion at the Capitol.

About half-past two P. M., to-day the inmates of the Capital building were greatly startled by an explosion, which took place in the basement of the building, which shook the entire portion of the old Capitol building to its foundation.

An an examination showed that a gas main under the centre of the dome, in what is known as the Washington crypt, had burst with terrible force, blowing out all the heavy frame work surrounding it, tearing the doors and frames and windows to splinters, and scattering the fragments through the basement passages in all directions. The effect of the explosion was such as to create serious alarm for a time for the safety of the building, which, however, was allayed by the prompt manner which the officers and laborers about the place took to prevent the spread of fire.—*Washington Ex.*

From Our Joker.

"PA, is Pennsylvania the father of all the other States?"

"Certainly not, my child; why did you ask that question?"

"'Cause I see all the newspapers call it Pa."

LOVE'S LABOR LOST.—A hen setting on wooden eggs.

THE man who would "mend the age," must put a "stitch in time."

WEATHER-WISE.—Always be particular in observing where the wind drops; you may be called on to raise it at a moment's notice.

AN officer who was inspecting his company one morning spied one private whose shirt was sadly begrimed.

"Patrick O'Flinn," called out the captain.

"Here, ye Honor!" promptly responded Patrick with hand to his cap.

"How long do you wear a shirt?" thundered the officer.

"Twenty-eight inches long," was the rejoinder.

"AH!" said a mischievous wag to a lady acquaintance of an aristocratic cast, "I perceive you have been learning a trade."

"Learning a trade?" replied the lady, indignantly, "you are very much mistaken."

"Oh, I thought by the looks of your cheeks you had turned painter."

The lady waxed rathy, and the wag vamosed.

Col. Ed. Crossland.

ED. COURIER:—I notice that Judge Crossland has been, by an act of Congress, relieved from the disabilities under which he labored, on account of his participation in the late "so-called" rebellion. This being the case, Judge Crossland is of course eligible to any position in the State or Federal Government, and there is no longer any reason why the people of this Congressional District shall not be represented in the Federal Congress by a man who not only reflects their political sentiments, but whose feelings and sympaties are in perfect unison with their own.

The people of Hickman [illegible] almost unanimously [illegible] at $1 80 per

COL. JAMES [illegible] BLACKBURN, who once assaulted Gen. Wheeler so brutally, has been indicted at Smithville, Tenn., for gross revenue frauds. He approached from behind an old citizen of that place named Clark, and dealt him six blows on the head with a wagon spoke, inflicting severe if not fatal injuries. Clark is an important witness against him.

THE Alabama Radical State Government, in one respect at least, is in advance of the Tennessee concern. The former has removed all political disabilities so far as they can from the disfranchised class. At the same time, however, it has determined that the Legislature shall cast the electoral vote of the State.

THE United States government has taken possession of the Hot Springs of Arkansas and made them free to the world. The title of the property is in dispute, but the government holds it subject to the decision of the Supreme Court. It is thought that the Hon. John Morrissey will become the purchaser.

Two thousand Germans, residing in the upper portions of Philadelphia, have formed a Seymour and Blair Club. These Germans have heretofore acted with the Radical party. Philadelphia will elect the Democratic ticket by at least 10,000 majority.

IDEAS, said Voltaire, are like beards some only get them when they grow up, and women never have any.

THE Mexican debt, acknowledged by the Government, is $100,000,000, or $12 50 per head for the whole population. Of this $60,000,000 is due English creditors, and a small amount only to the United States.

REBEL SPEECH.—The New Albany Ledger tells the following pretty good one: A radical, while hearing the Declaration of American Independence read at the Fourth of July celebration at Ridgeville, where it recites that "the King had quartered soldiers among us in time of peace," turned upon his heel and walked away, muttering that "he would not lissen to any such a d—d rebel speech as that."

FROM THE FAR WEST—THE ECHO.—Scarcely has the triumphant shout of the victorious [illegible]racy of Kentucky died away, until the echo comes bounding back, over the prairies, from the far West.

Kentucky strikes the key note of the campaign, and Montana takes up the chord, responding in a signal Democratic victory. And so it goes. State after State will join in the chorus, until, on the first Tuesday in November, the grand swelling anthem will gladden the hearts of the American people, from ocean to ocean: "Democracy triumphant; the country redeemed."

The soul goes highest when the body kneels lowest.

How an Old Maid was Foiled.

It was a hot July afternoon, the air full of slumbrous electricity, and the sunshine sleeping dreamily on the close-cut grass in front of the Merrifield hotel; while down in the glen, towards the railroad track, you could distinctly hear the fret and ripple of the little trout-stream over its bed of mossy stones.

Merrifield was a pretty, sequestered place, full of picturesque wood nooks and pleasant rambles, and, as yet, not over-crowded by the high tide of summer fashionables. Moreover, the fare was low, and the hotel charges moderate—and that was the reason Miss Betsy Whistleton had come thither with her band-boxes, her tortoise-shell cat, and her niece Elfrida.

Miss Betsy was a tall, sparely-fashioned [illegible] with a complexion, fair out [illegible] in the neck, coal black eyes—glass- rather than brilliant—and thin, color-less lips. As the French say, "there's old maids, and old maids." Some perfectly irresistible in their sunny good humor and *embonpoint*—more bewitching than any sixteen-year-old girl, because their arrows are tipped with the barb of experience. But Miss Whistleton did not belong to this "rare and radiant" few. She was an old maid—vencious—a radical opponent to anything sporing of matrimony—a believer in emip tea, total depravity, and the approaching end of the world. And above all things, Miss Whistleton detested—a man!

Little Elfrida Martin was totally different. Elfrida was just seventeen, with a round, apple-bloom face, eyes as blue as wood violets, and mischievous dots of dimples, comping and going, like the impress of Cupid's finger on her smooth, pink cheek. And Elfrida wore white dresses, with blue ribbon fluttering about them, and roses at her belt, and read poetry *sub rosa*, and believed in mankind—particularly in Tom Castlewynne!

Consequently, it may easily be inferred that Elfrida led a dolorous life of it with her aunt Betsy, and her aunt Betsy's peculiar views.

This particular afternoon, Miss Betsy sat bolt upright, engaged in hideous pieces of patchwork, which had been poor Elfrida's "black beast" ever since she was tall enough to wield a needle, and scolded her neice persistently.

Don't talk to me, Elfrida Martin!" she said energetically—which was quite unnecessary, for poor Elfie had not opened her lips in a quarter of an hour—"I know perfectly well that it is all through your doing that Thomas Castlewynne and his riotous, cigar-smoking friend have come down to Merrifield and taken the room next to ours; the very next room! I should think you would be ashamed of yourself, Elfrida, to be walking about the piazza with him, and the house full of respectable boarders."

Elfie colored up here.

"I am sure, aunt Betsy, Mr. Castlewynne is respectable."

[illegible] dissipated, good-for-nothing lawyer—and Frank Ermine is no better. Elfrida, if you don't stop taking such long stitches I'll make you ripthem all out again. What I want you to understand is this: that this love-making business has got to stop. I won't tolerate Thomas Castlewynne's presumptuous attentions—no, not for another day. I'll pack up and leave Merrifield sooner. Do you hear me, Elfrida?"

"Yes, aunt Betsy, I hear you."

"Very well; then I'll trouble you to heed me as well. Perhaps you think I didn't see you lingering on the very threshold of their door this morning, talking nonsense about the trumpery wild roses you had been gathering. On the threshold of a *young man's room!* Elfrida, I don't know what you are coming to."

"But, aunty, the door was wide open, and Mrs. Glenn was in the hall, and Isabella Raymond, and Major Parker's daughters—"

"I don't care if the twelve tribes of Israel were there, it makes it none the less improper for you"—and here her aunt Betsy rolled up her eyes in a fearful cataleptic manner. "Now stop dropping those big tears over the turkey-red joining of that quilt. I never saw such a baby in my life—never."

What relief it was to poor hunted little Elfrida when Mrs. Major Parker came in, with her stiff, rustling silks and her basket of knitting work, and she was allowed to steal away into the inner room, with pricked finger, aching spinal column, and eyes yet dewy with tears.

"I'll be married as soon as ever I can," thought Elfie, with an indignant pout of the cherry lips. "If I thought I should ever live to be an old maid like aunt Betsy, I'd jump into the river—I would."

And Elfie crept away for a walk, low-spirited enough. The afternoon was well advanced before Mrs. Parker departed; and Miss Betsy Whistleton, politely seeing her to the door, stood looking after her portly retreating form.

"I wonder where Elfrida has gone to, [illegible] the spinster-aunt. "Down in the grove flirting with that odious Castlewynne, I've no doubt—dear me, what trials girls are? Castlewynne's out somewhere, I know, for the door of his room is half-open. Now, I wonder——"

Miss Betsy Whistleton stretched her long neck curiously towards the neighboring apartment—she looked up the hall and down the hall, but there was not a soul in sight.

"I don't really believe they exchange notes," said Miss Whistleton, but if they did—and its really a very excellent opportunity——"

She paused again and listened; still no sound; save stray footsteps in the hall below.

"I think it's my duty," said Miss Betsy, setting her colorless lips together, and advancing on tip-toe into the apartment of Messrs. Castlewynne and Ermine.

"I never was in a man's room before thought the lady, with a little brindle and a simper. "Dear me, what a variety of boots and slippers, right in the middle of the floor! Is this brandy and water? No, it is lemonade and a box full of cigars, as I live, and a novel! Oh, the depravity of young men! I really hope I shan't be contaminated by the awful atmosphere. And this curious wooden thing? Oh,—I suppose it must be a boot jack! A dressing case, too, with chased silver stoppers to all the bottles,—dear me, this cologne is really very nice. I wish I had brought that empty paregoric bottle along with me; I don't believe they'd ever miss a few drops. Pink pomatum, too, as I live and breathe—and a 'housewife' all fitted up with spools and threads. My goodness me, if it isn't lined with the very brocaded silk that belonged to my grandmother's wedding dress! I thought that pattern came short when I measured it, to make a silk-quilted skirt! I do believe that Elfrida took it to make this piece of folly and nonsense with.

Miss Whistleton elevated her eyes and hands in holy horror.

"Two-whole inches! I wonder if Elfrida ever thought what a sin it is to steal."

The inquisitive spinster tip-toed about the room, peering into boxes, opening bottles, and looking behind sofas; but still she found no condemning proof of a correspondence between Mr. Castlewynne and her niece Elfrida. She was just turning to come out, rather disappointed [illegible] when Tom Castlewynne sprung up the stairs, two steps at the time, and strode along the hall, followed by his friend, Frank Ermine.

Miss Betsy made a rush for the door, but she was too late. Tom's speed of locomotion had been greater than she had calculated upon, and with a blind impulse of concealment she darted into the closet and shut herself in, among the dressing gowns, shooting coats, and odd looking bifurcated garments that filled her spinster soul with horror.

"They'll go out again, pretty soon," thought Miss Betsy, panting, and she held on desperately to the inner handle of the door, "and then I can just slip into my own room."

But no such a denoument appeared at hand. Mr. Castlewynne and his friend sat themselves down and deliberately lighted their cigars; the blue vapor stole, spicey and pungent, through the keyhole.

"I shall choke," thought Miss Betsy.

"Now look here, Tom," said Mr. Ermine, apparently resuming the conversation which had been broken off, "there's no use in being a faint hearted fool! Marry the little Elfie, if she has forty old maid aunts!"

"My goodness gracious! secretly aspirated the captive maid.

"I say, though," said Castlewynne, "what an old cat Miss Betsy is. Fifty, if she is a day."

"Sixty, I should think," said Frank.

"The impudence of the creatures!" gasped the imprisoned subject of criticism.

"But still," pursued Castlewynne, Elfie has tender little notions, about never marrying without her aunt's consent, and if we could pursuade her to give it—"

"Never," said Ermine. Who could expect a shrivelled up old fossil like that to—Halloa! what's that noise?"

"For Aunt Betsy, half-stifled in the closet and choked with cigar smoke, had given a spasmodic "ketch-a" of a sneeze.

"Nothing but the cat on the verandah roof."

"I tell you it is something in that closet."

Ermine rose and tried the door. Aunt Betsy hung resolutely to her side of it.

"If it's the cat," said Castlewynne, coming to the rescue, "she is remarkably strong in her muscular development, give it a good pull. Halloa!"

For the door flew open, with a jerk, revealing Miss Betsy Whistleton, shrinking back into a corner! One moment Catlewynne stared—the next a brilliant idea flashed across his mind; he shut the door again and bolted it, instantaneously.

"Thieves!" he cried, in carefully suppressed tones. "Robbers, burglars!"

"Oh, my good Mr. Thomas," squeaked Miss Betsy, wildly through the keyhole, "please don't! Please stop crying for help; it's only me, Miss Whistleson; it's all a mistake, a mistake, a misunderstanding."

"A misunderstanding, eh? said Castlewynne. "It has rather a burglarious look. I should be sorry to deliver you into custody, Miss Whistleton; but——"

"Have mercy on me!" shricked Miss Betsy ratling at the door knob. Indeed, indeed, I meant no harm—it was a mistake, upon my word. Please let me out, quick, before any one comes! and me in a man's room, too!"

Dreadful! groaned Mr. Ermine.

"Too frightful to think of! hollowly echoed Castlewynne.

"Oh, dear, dear, wailed Miss Betsy, as all the horrors of the situation dawned upon her, "do let me out, Mr. Thomas, and I'll give you anything I have in the world!

Mr. Castlewynne paused; he appeared to deliberate. Miss Betsy took heart of hope. Will you give me your niece?

"My niece, Elfrida? N—ever—really, I could not——

"O, very well just as you elect. Ermine, will have the goodness to step down stairs and call up the landlord?"

"And at the same instant Elfrida's soft voice was heard calling in the next room.

"Aunt Betsy! Aunt Betsy! Oh, Mrs. Parker, where can my aunt be gone?"

Search, an *expose* and detection were looming inevitably over the wretched victim of circumstances; she rattled madly against the door.

"You needn't go, Mr. Ermine—you needn't go! Only let me out——"

"You will freely bestow the hand of your niece upon me?"

"Yes—yes—anything—everything!"

Mr. Castlewynne unbolted the door and threw it open with a low bow. Miss Betsy stayed not to reciprocate his politeness, but darted from the room like an arrow fleeing from the bow, never stopping till she was safe in her room.

"Aunty!" exclaimed the astonished Elfie "where on earth have you been?"

But that was just what "auntie" never would tell her.

"Elfrida," said Miss Betsy, when she had calmed her agitated nerves by green tea and a nap, "I've changed my mind about young Castlewynne. If you and he are really bent on making a match of it"—here aunt Betsy involuntarily grimaced, as if she were taking medicine—"why you must have your own way, I suppose."

Elfrida's countenance grew radiant.

"Derr Aunt Betsy," she cried, with a shy kiss on the parchment forehead of the old lady. I am so glad!"

"There, there, go along," said Miss Whistleton ungraciously." I want to rip up my caps for the wash, and I can't be bothered with kissing!"

"I do hope," she added mentally, as Elfie tripped away, "he won't tell that child the whole story."

But there was a mischievous sparkle in Elfie's eye when she came up to bed that night which filled Aunt Betsy's soul with dread, and convinced her that Castlewynne had betrayed the secret of her seige and surrender.

And thus Aunt Betsy, sorely against her will, was forced to help Cupid's bark afloat adown the stream of True Love. Alas! poor Aunt Betsy!

Wonders of Man.

Wonders at home by familiarity cease to excite astonishment; thus it happens that many know but little about the "house we live in"—the human body. We look upon a man as we look upon a house from the outside, just as a whole or unit, never thinking of the many rooms, the curious passages, and the ingenious internal arrangement of the house, or [illegible] structure of [illegible]

In the human skeleton, about the time of maturity, are 165 bones. The muscles are about five hundred in number. The length of the alimentary canal is about 32 feet. The amount of blood in an adult is near 30 pounds, or full one-fifth of the entire weight.

The heart is six inches in length and four inches in diameter, and beats 70 times per minute, 4,200 times per hour, 100,800 times per day, 36,772,000 times per year, 2,565,440,000 in threescore and ten, and each beat two and a half ounces of blood are thrown out of it, 175 ounces per minute, 656 pounds per hour, seven and three-fourths tons per day. All the blood in the body passes through the heart every three minutes. This [illegible] organ, by its ceaseless industry,

In the allotted span
The Psalmist give to man,

lifts the enormous weight of 300,700,200 tons.

The lungs will contain about one gallon of air at their usual degree of inflation. We breathe, on an average, 1,200 times per hour, inhaling 600 gallons of air, or 14,400 gallons per day. The aggregate surface of the air cells of the lungs exceed 20,000 square inches, an area very nearly equal to the floor of a room 12 feet square.

The average weight of the brain of the adult male is three pounds and eight ounces. The nerves are all connected with it, directly or through the spinal marrow. These nerves, together with their branches and minute ramifications, probably exceed 10,000,000 in number, forming a "body-guard" outnumbering by far the mightiest army ever marshaled.

The skin is composed of three layers, and varies from one-fourth to one-eighth of an inch in thickness. Its average area in an adult is estimated to be 2,000 square inches. The atmospheric pressure being about 14 pounds to the square inch, a person of medium size is subjected to a pressure of 40,000 pounds.

Each square inch of skin contains 3,500 sweating tubes, or perspiratory pores, each of which may be likened to a little [illegible] one-fourth of an inch [illegible] an aggregate length over the entire surface of the body of 28,166 feet, or a tile ditch for draining the body almost forty miles long.

An Essa on Widders.

It is with much perterbity of mind that I approach the subjeck matter of this essa, owing to my non-experience in the widder line. I'm perfeckly at home with cuny other class of femail wimmin ceptin these.

The airliest warnin I ever resceved from my mayternal payrent when I put on my fust long-tailed cote and standing koller, was "Ichabud, look out for the widders." So I always kept my eye peeled for 'em, and I ain't got over the habbit yit, so much so that Sally Maria sez I'm a moddle husband in respeck to widders, and she can trust me out o'nites.

This much explanes my possission on the widder question.

Widders range under different heds. Fustly, war widders; secundly, lone widders; thurdly, grass widders; and forthly, Kaliforny dittos. There was a sort called Kanerday widders, but their husbands cum home last summer, so they ain't much widdery now—none to speak on. Some widders are the sort what keep bordin-howses and taik in young men and ole bachellers at so much a week, includin sandas. They ginereally have more or less yung and unmarried darters, in sootabul condishion for takin the vows of Himen onto em.

War widders have been very common late times, tho' I karnt say much for their consistency. But menny of 'em have been very industrious and have added muchly to the popperlation of the country while their husbuns was gone down South.

Grass widders are the kind what don't ware morening and are very easy to git acquainted with. Furthermore deponent saith not.

But the Kaliforny widder is the biggest thing in the hole lot. Sumtimes she's married and sumtimes she ain't, jest as it happens.

If she axidently gits spliced her husbun usualy goes to the solt springs, and dies for his helth, or else on a forrin tower and never turns up agin on this side of terry firmy.

In either case she's jest the same, ollus a smilin, and wares weeds or ribbins, jest which takes best. She's sum for a time and never lax for words to tork with. She's dangerous animile to be round where theres fellers with susceptibul harts under their weskits, cause she noes jest how to do it, havin ben there and back sevural times.

This variety of widders is well distributed over the country, but it is found in the greatest quanity and state of perfexion whare theres the most greenbax a flotin round. I wouldn't advise a feller to git one on om unless he's struck ile pretty deep, or else sees a good chance to make a draft onto a bank or sum sich financial operation. In those cases it might pay but it's rather risky.

I might extend my remarks on the widder toppic ad infinitely, because it'll bare it, but I allus believed in a feller's stoppin torking when he haint got nothin more to say. Yours as usele,

ICHABUD SPINKS.

Sleepy Holler.

IF "a pin a day is a groat a year," as the proverb has it, what will ten-pins every day bring a man to? To the bowling alley, we suppose.

Texas contains 150,000,000 acres, and is six times as large as Ohio.

The curse of the Hour.

Under this head the New York Evening Mail talks as follows:

There is too much lying. On every hand we meet with exaggeration, equivocation, deception. We call it all lying, and every man or woman who varies one iota from the strictest fact and truth is indeed a liar. The expressman agrees most solemnly to deliver a trunk for you at a certain place by a certain hour. He delivers it the day after it is promised, and thus lies. The grocer promises to send you the best tea in the market. He takes the first his hand falls upon, without any care for the quality, and dispatches it to you without a twinge. He is a liar. The tailor agrees to deliver a suit of clothes without any fail by six in the evening. You get them in the morning, and the tailor is a liar. The [illegible] filled by him, will last you for a dozen of years. The filling comes out in six months, and the dentist lies. A man over the way is in need of a temporary loan. You lend him a small sum, which he promises by everything to return at a given time. He keeps it a month over the time stated, and is a liar. An auctioneer tells you that a certain picture is by a master artist, when he knows it was painted by a fourth-rate painter. He lies, and is not worthy of trust. A salesman lies about his goods. A bootmaker lies about your boots. The jeweler lies about your watch. The gossiper at the dinner table tells exaggerated stories to astonish the ladies, and is nothing else than a liar. The florist assures you that his flowers were picked early in the morning, when they are nearly three days old. He lies, and will lie about anything. The book publisher advertises that his book is selling by the tens of thousands, when he has not sold a thousand. He is a liar, and one door off from the murderer.

Everywhere—everywhere we hear lying, lying, lying. Men and women who would knock you down if you called them liars, lie every hour. Deception is the rule rather than the exception. Canvassers lie about insurance companies. Brokers lie about stocks. Editors lie about politics. Exaggeration and misrepresentation rule the hour and are its curse.

Gentlemen—ladies—why cannot the truth be told always and ever! Why all this deception and lying? Why so much falsity and cheating?

THE following are the oaths which Colfax took, as a leader of the "Know-Nothings:"

FIRST DEGREE.—In the presence of Almighty God and these witnesses, you do solemnly promise and swear that * * you will not vote, nor give your influence, FOR ANY MAN, FOR ANY OFFICE in the gift of the people, unless he be an AMERICAN BORN CITIZEN, in favor of Americans ruling America, nor if he be a ROMAN CATHOLIC.

SECOND DEGREE.—In the presence of Almighty God and these witnesses, you do solemnly and sincerely swear * * * if it may be legally done, you will, when elected or appointed to any official station conferring on you the power to do so, remove all foreigners, aliens or Roman Catholics from office or place; and that you will not in no case appoint such to any office or place in your gift.

These oaths ought to be paraded in the Radical papers as a trap to catch Fenian and German voters.

Beware of hating men for their opinions, or of adopting their doctrines because you love and venerate their virtues.

A mulatto woman by the name of Banero, living at La Crosse, Wis., gave birth to three children, two of whom are white and as black as a coal.

It has been discovered that coal exposed to the weather loses in nine months fifty per cent. of its value as fuel and nearly as much as gas-making material.

The Crown Prince of Prussia has an income of somewhat over a million dollars, and, as he has an economical wife, he manages to live decently and lay up some $200,000 a year.

A beer saloon for ladies has lately been opened at Cambridge, Mass., and many Yankee gals may be seen there engaged in the manly custom of blowing the froth off their glasses.

A Boston lady, who married the late Prince Frederick of Noer, and was made a Countess of the Austrian Empire, has been sent to a lunatic asylum. Her delusion was that she had poisoned her husband and all his relatives.

Men who have raised themselves from an humble calling need not be ashamed, but rather ought to be proud of the difficulties they have surmounted. The laborer on his feet stands higher than the nobleman on his knees.

Write your name, by kindness, love, and mercy, on the hearts of the thousands you come in contact with, and you will never be forgotten. Your name, your deeds, will be as legible on the hearts you leave behind as the stars on the brow of the evening.

THE Secretary of War has ordered the indefinite postponement of the removal of the Confederate dead from Johnson's Island, as great fears are entertained for the health of the city of Sandusky, Ohio, in case the bodies are disinterred during the hot weather.

WHEN the viceroy of Egypt, who is now at Ems, took a walk at dusk on the first day after his arrival at that German watering-place, he had a collision with a drunken Englishman, who called him a "d—d Arab" and slapped his face, before the police and the bystanders were able to interfere.

A BERLIN newspaper recently had a large sale. In fact, one merchant bought up the whole edition. It contained a notice of the betrothal of his daughter, which had unfortunately been annulled by the fickleness of that young woman after the paper had gone to press.

A Western paper says that General Frank Blair will deliver temperance lectures during the campaign.—*N. York Tribune.*

Good! Now, if the Tribune can persuade Grant to attend his lectures, a great deal of good may be accomplished.—*New Haven Register.*

From the Nashville Gazette, 14th.

Death of Two Notorious Characters.

On Tuesday the 11th inst., died two notorious Americans—Ada Isaacs Menken and Thaddeus Stevens. Both prominent in peculiar spheres, in death they were not divided. The spirit of the former going out from the moral purlieus of the French metropolis hovered awhile in mid air, no doubt, for its companion still lingering in the political cesspool of the American capital.

Creatures of passion both—hers of the heart; his of the head—hers soft, seductive; his harsh repulsive. Creatures of ambition both, craving notoriety, she by divesting herself of all womanhood—he by abandoning all manhood, all humanity. Both despots—she seeking willing admirers—he seeking unwilling slaves. Both revolutionists—she upsetting the family ideal—he demolishing all society. Both died in the zenith of notoriety—both, in the place that had witnessed their boldest daring, their greatest triumph. The difference was one of sex only—she as pretty as he was ugly—she as sensitive as he was unfeeling—she rejoicing in many husbands and no children—he ignoring his children because he had no wife.

And the difference of her sex follows their memory. None will be found so low to do *her* reverence. And shall *he* escape the just censure of society, because he played upon a broader stage, because he was the semblance of a man? The distinction is unjust—unjust to the dead—unjust to the living. *De mortuis nil nisi bonum*, was a Pagan maxim. Christians have no use for "whited sepulchres." The lives of the good tend to edification. The lives of the wicked are fraught with warning. And the living need warning as well as edification.

The Menkin is gone. Thad. Stevens is gone. The Devil is gathering his own. The harvest is ripe. The end is near. Let Brownlow beware, lest he seek repentence in hell!

A God of Taste.

At the opening of the new Free Church at Crathie, in Scotland, Dr. Guthrie said:

"I highly approve of the resolution of our friends that led them to build such a house as this; because there is no greater mistake in the world than to fancy that while God is a God of holiness, a God of power, and of justice; he is not also a God of taste, just as much as he is a God of anything else that is lovely and good. And how do I prove that? you may ask. I prove that by just asking you to go to the sea-shore and find out for me a shell that is not pretty. I prove that by asking you to go to those meadows and find out a flower that is not pretty. Let me tell you that the flowers would have produced their kind according to the law, although they had never been painted. It is not necessary for the rose and the lily that the one should blush so beautiful a red and the other bloom as white as snow. God has made a useful flower—a useful rose and useful lily—and then painted them. It is as certain as that the Bible is true that he is a God of taste, as much as he is possessed of those other attributes. And therefore it is, I say, that I rejoice in the erection of such a building for God's service. Our old stupid notion was that God never was so well worshipped as in an ugly house. It is a great mistake—a mistake contrary to the Bible—contrary to reason and common sense."

Take Him at His Word.

General Grant has declared "that he was no statesman, and was unfit for civil life by reason of his military habits and education," and surely Gen. Grant best knows his fitness for civil office. Let us take him at his word, and unite with him in believing that he is not qualified for the office of President. Let us not humiliate a military hero by placing him in a position he cannot fill, and which must reduce him to a mere machine for artful politicians. Gen. Grant is now like Samson in the lap of Delilah. With locks shorn and strength gone, designing men have bound him, and he has no power to break away and save himself. He holds the highest military office in the land, and with that let him be content.

We do General Grant no wrong when we protest against his incapacity for civil life. Those who remember his connection with the Mexican mission justify his want of capacity. The President, Secretary of State and the Secretary of War desired a high military officer of the government to accompany our Minister to Mexico, and advise with him as to the proper course to pursue upon the withdrawal of the French troops. Grant, as General of the armies, was chosen; but in a note to the President and in an official communication to the Secretary of War, he begged to be excused upon the ground of his ignorance and incompetency! And he urged the selection of Sherman, Hancock, Sheridan, or anybody else who could see and comprehend objects beyond the length of his sword. Said Grant:

"I would not dare to counsel the Minister in any matter beyond stationing of troops on United States soil. * * * I sincerely hope I may be excused from undertaking a duty so foreign to my office and taste as that contemplated; * * it is a diplomatic service for which I am not fitted, either by education or taste; * * * I most respectfully but urgently repeat my request to be excused from the perfoemance of a duty entirely out of my sphere, and one, two, which can be so much better performed by others."
—*New York Express.*

The Signs Clearly Indicated.

Kentucky has doubled her Democratic majority in one year, and that is a revolutionary fact. Majorities do not vary at such a rate ordinarily. * * * In Kentucky the result is clearly seen, because there is no negro vote to give respectable proportions to the other side; but the Democratic majority is so great that even the natural negro vote of that State—which would be about twenty-five thousand—could not have changed the result if cast. * * * Hitherto it (the Republican party) has hesitated at nothing, has pushed recklessly on wherever hounded by ambitious leaders, and rather than be dragged where such a party would go the people will take the chance of revolution with the Democrats. Republicanism, in fact, is driven to a point at which it is desperate. * * * The Republican party of the future, therefore, will be ready for any desperation, convinced from its past that the greatest danger is in standing still. There is, then, greater reason than ever why it should be kept from power, and this the people evidently feel.—*New York Herald, August 11th.*

It is said General Beauregard is to marry a New York heiress.

New Advertisements.

GEO. A. DEITZ, the Great Wheat Grower, Chambersburg, Pa., sends free a descriptive list of the best seed Wheat in the World.

The celebrated Chromo
AMERICAN FRUIT,
size 22 by 28.
J. Hoover, publisher, 804 Market st., Phila.

A CURIOUS BOOK—A beautifully illustrated Book, worth a thousand dollars sent free on receipt of Fifty Cents, by addressing Prof. John Vanderpool, No. 20 Clinton Place, New York City.

The Appetite
FOR TOBACCO DESTROYED!
Leave of Smoking and Chewing the Poisonous Weed, Tobacco!

ONE box of ORTON'S PREPARATION is warranted to destroy the appetite for tobacco in any person, no matter how strong the habit may be.

☞ If it fails in any case the money will be refunded. ☜ It is almost impossible to break off from the use of tobacco by the mere exercise of the will. Something is needed to assist nature in overcoming a habit so firmly rooted; with the help of the Preparation there is not the least trouble. Hundreds have used it who are willing to bear witness to the fact that Orton's Preparation completely destroys the appetite for tobacco and leaves the person as free from any desire for it as before he commenced its use. It is perfectly safe and harmless in all cases. The same glands and secretions affected by tobacco, and through these upon the blood, thoroughly cleansing the poison of tobacco from the system, and thus allaying the unnatural craving for tobacco.

No more Hankering for Tobacco after using Orton's Preparation! Recollect it is Warranted! Beware of counterfeits.

Recommendations:

The following are a few selected from the multitude of recommendations in our possession:

[From W. P. Heald, Esq., Bangor, Me.]
BANGOR, Me., April 24, 1868.

I hereby certify that I have used tobacco for thirty years past, and for the last fifteen years I have used two pounds per month. I have made attempts to leave off at different times—I have left off one year at a time, but always continued to hanker after it until I used Orton's Preparation which has completely cured me of the appetite for tobacco. I would recommend all who are affected with this terrible habit to try the Preparation, which will certainly cure if the directions are followed. W. P. HEALD.

[From R. W. Adkins, Knoxville, Tenn.]
KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 5, 1867.

This is to certify that I had used tobacco to such an extent that my health had become greatly impaired and my whole system deranged and broken down. In June, 1867, I purchased one box of Orton's Preparation, and after using it I found that I was completely cured. I have not had any hankering or desire for tobacco since using the Preparation. I believe it to be all that it is recommended, and I would advise all who wish to quit the use of tobacco to try one box of Orton's Preparation.

E. W. ADKINS.

[From John Morrill, Bangor, Me.]
BANGOR, Me., March 31, 1868.

This is to certify that I have used tobacco for eighteen years; have tried many times to leave off, but have suffered so much from dizziness in my head, and gnawing at my stomach, that I have soon given up the trial. A short time since a friend induced me to try Orton's Preparation (Sold by you,) I have done so and am completely cured. I did not in the least hanker after tobacco either to smoke or chew, after I began to use the Preparation. JNO. MORRILL.

☞ Price of Orton's Preparation Two Dollars per box, forwarded to any part of the country, post paid, on receipt of price. Money sent by mail is at our risk. Address, C. B. COTTON, Proprietor, Box 1,748, Portland, Maine.

REFERENCES—We, the undersigned, have had personal dealings with C. B. Cotton, and have found him a reliable and fair dealing man, and believe his statements worthy of the confidence of the public. S. B. Richardson, Esq., Rev. J. S. Green, Dr. S. B. Gowell, Portland, Maine; Chas. H. Morrill, Biddleford, Maine; E. H. Boyle, Attorney, Belfast; Alonzo Barnard, Esq., Bangor, W. O Sweet, West Mansfield, Mass; M. Quimby, St. Johns, N. J.

The American
BUTTON HOLE OVERSEAMING
and
SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,

IN directing attention to their celebrated combination Button Hole and Sewing Machine, beg leave to refer to its wonderful popularity as conclusive proof of its great merit. The increase in the demand for this valuable machine has been Ten Fold during the last ten months of the first year before the public.

This grand and surprising success is unprecedented in the history of sewing machines, and we feel fully warranted in claiming that it has no equal, being absolutely the best

FAIMLY MACHINE

in the world and intrinsically the cheapest. It is really two machines combined in one, (by the simple and beautiful mechanical arrangement,) making both the shuttle or Lock-stitch, and the Overseaming and Button-hole stitch, with equal facility and perfection. It executes, in the very best manner every variety of sewing, such as Hemming, Felling, Cording, Tucking, Stitching, Braiding and Quilting, Gathering and sewing on, (done at the same time,) and in addition. Overseams, Embroiders on the edge, and makes beautiful Button and Eyelet holes in all fabrics.

Every machine is warranted by the company, or its Agents, to give entire satisfaction. Circulars, with full particulars and samples of work done on this machine, can be had on application at the salesroom of the company

S. W. Cor. Eleventh & Chestnut Streets,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Instructions given on the machine at the rooms of the company gratuitously to all purchasers.

AGENTS WANTED.

FRED'K PAXON, Pres't.
W. B. MENDENHALL, Treasurer.

LIGHT WORK.
For the Best Wheels and Carriage Materials, buy of
S. N. BROWN & CO.,
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OUR Spokes are made of second growth Hickory, and are tough and stiff, which are the great requisites for light work. Hubs not excelled. Give our goods a trial.

WANTED—immediately, Agents to sell my new Patent Advertising Stamps. A rare chance for making money offered. For particulars, address with stamp, J. M. Wilbur, Cleveland, Ohio.

PENSYLVANIA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

THOROUGH, Systematic, Practical. Instructions in method of Study and methods of of Teaching. Address, J. A. Cooper, Edinboro, Erie county, Pa.

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We have a complete Register of Real Estate offered for sale in Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Missouri, embracing facts as to titles, taxes, quality and value. Emigrants, capitalist, and owners of real estate will save time, money and risk, by addressing us for information. Lands redeemed and taxes paid in all of the above mentioned States. Address, with stamp, Cone Brothers, Real Estate Dealers, No. 5 South Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

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The Metropolitan Organs, manufactured by The Mason & Hamlin
Organ Company,

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., have commenced the manufacture of a new series of organs, each of which will bear the trade mark, Metropolitan Organ. They are elegantly and durably made; contain modern improvements; have great power and fine quality and variety of tone, and in general excellence are second only to the celebrated Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, manufactured exclusively by the same company. The Metropolitan Organs are fully warranted for five years, and will be sold at prices competing with those of inferior instruments. All of them are in solid black walnut cases throughout—backs as well as sides and fronts—and have panneled fronts and sides, with carved mouldings and antes; Improved Graduated Self-Adjusting Reed Valves, Improved Bellows, Tremulant and Knee-Swell.

STYLE E—Five Octaves, with Manual Sub-Bass and Octave Coupler throughout. Seven Stops, viz: Viola, Diapason, Melodia, Flute, Manual Sub-Bass, Octave Coupler, Tremulant. Price, $205.

STYLE D—Five Octaves. Six stops, viz: Viola, Diapason, Melodia, Flute, Manual Sub Bass, Tremulant. Price, $200.

STYLE C—Five Octaves. Five stops, viz: Viola, Diapason, Melodia, Flute, Tremulant. Price, $170.

STYLE A—Five Octaves. One stop, viz: Tremulant. Price, $130.

☞ A liberal discount from the above prices to Churches Clergymen and Sunday Schools.

Circulars with illustrations sent to any address. Also, an Illustrated Catalogue of the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, free to any one desiring it. Address

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN Company,
154 Tremont st., Boston. } and { 596 Broadway, New York.

Great Distribution by the Metropolitan Gift Company.

Cash Gifts to the Amount of $250,000—Every Ticket Draws a Prize.

1	Cash Gifts,	each,	$10,000
10	"	"	5,000
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40	"	"	500
200	"	"	100
300	"	"	50
450	"	"	25
600	"	"	25

30 elega. Rosewood Pianos each $300 to 500
325 elegant " Melodeons " 75 to 150
150 Sewing Machines " 60 to 175
250 Musical Boxes, " 25 to 200
300 Fine Gold Watches " 75 to 300
750 Fine Silver Watches, " 30 to 50

Fine Oil Paintings, Framed Engraving, Silver Ware, Photograph Albums, and a large assortment of Fine Gold Jewelry, in all valued at $1,000,000.

A chance to draw any of the above prizes by purchasing a Sealed Ticket for 25 cents. Tickets describing each prize are sealed in Envelopes and thoroughly mixed. On receipt of 25 cents a Sealed Ticket will be drawn without choice and delivered at our office, or sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of ONE DOLLAR. Prizes will be immediately sent to any address, as requested, by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. Any Prize may be exchanged for another of the same value. No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES—We select the few following names from the many who have lately drawn valuable prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them:

R. T. Wilkins, Buffalo, New York, $1,000; Miss Annie Monroe, Chicago, Ill., Piano valued at $650; Robt. Jackson, Dubuque, Iowa, Gold Watch, $250; Phillip McCarthy, Louisville, Ky., Diamond Cluster Ring, 600; R. A. Patterson, New Bedford, Mass., Silver Tea set, $175; Miss Emma Walworth, Milwaukee, Wis., Piano, $800; Rev. T. W. Pitt, Cleveland, Ohio, Melodeon, $125.

We publish no names without permission.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—"They are doing the largest business; the firm is reliable, and deserve their success."—[Weekly Tribune, Feb. 8, 1868.

"We have examined their system, and know them to be a fair dealing firm."—[New York Herald, Feb. 28, 1868.]

"Last week a friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—[Dailey News, March 3, 1868.]

Send for circular giving many more references and favorable notices from the press. Liberal inducements to agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of of sealed Envelopes contains One Cash Gift. Six tickets for $1; 13 for $2; 35 for $5; 110 for $15. All letters should be addressed to HARPER, WILSON & CO., 173 Broadway, New York.

STAR AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The Albany Cotton Gin Manufacturing Co., Albany, New York.

Wm. B. Emery, (survivor of Emery Brothers) Superintendent of Manufactory, Manufacturers of

GENERAL AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

comprising the celebrated "Star" Threshing Machine; "Star" Railway (or Endless Chain) and Lever Horse Powers; "Star" Cotton Gins and Condensers; circular Cross-Cut Saw Mills; Vegitable Cutters; Horse Hay Forks; Corn and Feed Mills; Power Corn Shellers; Dog Powers, &c., &c.

We wish to call the particular attention of farmers to our celebrated "Star" Thresher and Cleaner, which, as lately improved, we claim is far superior to any other machine now in market. It is compact and easily portable; simple in its construction, and therefore easy to operate by the most inexperienced, and will do its work with marvelous rapidity and perfection, and with comparatively the least demand upon the strength of the animals driving it.

We have made recent improvements in this machine by which we are enabled to thoroughly clean the grain under almost any combination of difficulties, and we are now using an entirely new and effective device for relieving the fodder of dust, thus making the operation of threshing as comfortable and safe, as with the ordinary machines it is annoying and frequently destructive to health.

These machines are made of suitable sizes for our Star Railway Power and also for our Star Lever Power. For particulars send for our Illustrated Descriptive Circular and Price List.

Agents Wanted—Correspondents will please address "The Albany Cotton Gin Manufarturing Company, P. O. Drawer 162, Albany, New York."

WOODEN WATER PIPE, GAS PIPE, AND EAVE TROUGH.

THE best and cheapest article ever made. Everybody, particularly Farmers and Miners, send for a free descriptive list and circular to J. A. Woodward, Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

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SHAVING,
HAIR CUTTING,
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NOTICE.

I GIVE herewith notice to the public that my brother, Ernest Margraff, is authorized to settle all business for me during my absence. CHARLES MARGRAFF.

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THE

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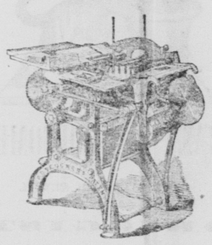

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CIRCULARS,

ETC., ETC.,

Executed in the Best Style of the Art.

☞ Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

WARREN & MARTIN,
Proprietors.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
National Telegraph Company,
Organized under the Laws of the State of New York.

Franchises conferred by the National Telegraph Law passed by Congress at its recent session, and approved July 24, 1866.

CAPITAL STOCK $10,000,000,
In 100,000 Shares. Par Value 100 each.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

President.....George B. Senter.
Vice President.....Robert Squires.
Treasurer.....Frederick Prentice.
Secretary.....George B. Walter.
General Superintendent.....Ell. N. Keyes.
Engineer.....Edward W. Serrell

DIRECTORS.

George B. Senter, Ben. Holladay, Benjamin E Smith, Robert Squires, George B Walter, John Coon, Juliana Cumback, John M Jaycox, Jacob Gould, Isaiah Blood, George S Frost, Thomas Ewing, jr, Chas T Sherman, Ell N Keyes, Fred'k Prentice, Jonathan S Buell, Edward W Serrell, Charles W Noble, Willis Phelphs, Erastus Corning, jr, Harv M Thompson, Theodore F. Hall.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Ben Holladay, George B Senter, Robert Squares, John M Jaycox, Fred'k Prentice, George B Walter, Isaiah Blood, Charles W Noble, Erastus Corning, jr.

Principal Office of the Company 64 Broadway, New York. Rooms Nos. 36, 37, 38.

Prospectus.

It will be seen by the statement herein contained that the organization of this company was a necessity growing out of the commercial and business wants of the country imperatively demanding an increase of telegraph facilities at reasonable rates.

Competition versus Monopoly.

1. The whole telegraph system of the U. States is now in the hands of one company. The evils inseparable from such a gigantic and dangerous monopoly are already numerous and increasing. Relief can be found only in legitimate competition.

Distribution of Stock.

2. It is proposed that the benefits of this company shall be enjoyed, not by a few favored persons, but by the business men of the country, whose interest it is designed to promote, and whose liberal patronage will insure its success. To this end it is decided to place the Stock at all commercial points. It will be distributed to Bankers, Merchants, Manufacturers, and others in limited amounts.

The Capital Stock.

(3.) Is Ten Millions of Dollars, divided into shares of One Hundred Dollars each.

Call—How to be Made.

4. One per ct of the stock will be required on subscribing, and subsequent calls, not to exceed five per cent per month, will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, as may be necessary to supply funds to construct and equip the lines: but no calls will be made after the one per cent is paid until the entire capital stock shall have been subscribed.

Actual Capital Required.

5. The company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent of the capital stock will construct and fully equip Twenty-five Thousand miles of Wire, which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible offers to construct and equip the lines.

Dividends.

6. In all cases the net earnings of this company will be applied to the payment of dividends on its capital stock, and in no event will earnings be diverted to the construction of new lines.

Income.

7. With the stock in hands of the active business men of the country, exerting their influence to augment its business, and with a range of Twenty-five Thousand Miles of Wire equiped and in operation, the company believe that, at reasonable rates, the business will pay liberal dividends on its entire capital stock.

Reasons for the Belief.

(8) May be found in the enormous profits of every considerable telegraph line operated on this continent. The present telegraph monopoly has "watered" its stock to the extent of over one thousand per cent on the amount paid in; and still it pays, on the stock thus inflated, satisfactory dividends. Our company will duplicate all the remunerative lines now operated by the monopoly, and subscribers will pay for our stock only the exact cost of our lines.

Additional Reasons.

9. The existing telegraph monopolies have never sought to supply adequately the demand for the use of the telegraph, much less have they attempted to stimulate such demand by an increase of facilities and a reduction of rates. While their facilities have remained about constant, their rates steadily advanced, until the use of the telegraph has come to be a prodigious tax upon the commercial necessities of the country. An advance in rates is their uniform expedient for limiting the amount of their business to their restricted facilities.

Increased Facilities and Lower Rates.

10. Every intelligent man knows that an enterprise founded upon the necessities of trade has a healthier and more durable basis when it aims to do a constantly increasing business at fair rates than when it does merely a restricted business at exorbitant and increasing rates. The success of cheap postage in Europe and America seems never to have been thought of by the telegraph monopolists. It is believed that if ten times the present telegraphic facilities were furnished to the public at one-tenth of the present rates, the increase of business would justify the change.

Our Proposed Telegraphic Range.

11. Trunk lines throughout the United States and Territories, which shall ultimately connect with lines to Europe, Asia, and South America.

When to be Done.

12. Within one year from the time the capital stock is subscribed, the company expect to have finished twenty-five thousand miles of wires of the best materials, equiped with instruments of the latest improvements, and the whole range in successful operation.

Certainty of Success.

13. It is provided that every stockholder in addition to his regular dividends, shall receive an equitable rebate on the amount of business furnished by himself, payable annually; thus, the stock being widely distributed, and every stockholder having a special interest to augment the business of the company, success is deemed inevitable.

Distribution of Directors.

14. To secure in the management an equitable representation of the stockholders the country, the large commercial centers will be represented in its Board of Directors, and local agents will be appointed on the recommendation of the stockholders in the various localities, and the operations of the company thus become general in its management as well as its business.

The company Permanent.

15. Heretofore every new telegraphic enterprise has sooner or later been absorbed by the dominant monopoly; but the third section of the act of Congress which confers upon this company its valuable franchises absolutely requires it to maintain a separate and independent existence. [See the Act below.]

The Old System.

16. Under it telegraphic companies have been organized by a few wealthy capitalists; these companies have been consolidated under one Board of Management; they are made up of opposition companies, with parallel, lateral, and useless routes, costly to maintain. Their liabilities are heavy, and they employ a multiplicity of officers who receive large salaries; yet they pay large dividends. With their capital stock largely watered, amounting now in the aggregate to Forty-two Millions of Dollars, they seek to monopolize the business at exorbitant rates, and thus benefit the few at the expense of many.

The Proposed Change.

17. The shareholders in this organization will be many times more numerous than those of any other telegraph company, and will be interested in its business and success. We shall establish only direct trunk routes required by the business of the country. We shall incur no liabilities beyond our means in the treasury; and we hope by energy, economy, dispatch, and careful management, to be enabled to compete successfully with the present consolidated monopoly, and to furnish the public cheaper and better facilities of telegraphic communication.

The Prospect.

18. The business of telegraphing is in its infancy. It must rapidly increase in the immediate future and yield still greater returns. The business of the Southern States having been suspended during the war will soon be re-established. Lines of telegraph are projected and in process of construction to Europe, Asia, and South America, which, when completed, will at once materially add to the telegraph business of the country.—The proposed routes of our range are annually becoming more and more populous. Cheaper rates and more rapid, certain and reliable facilities will greatly popularize the telegraph and insure its substitution for the mails for the purpose of current commercial correspondence. All these considerations point to our future as an important one, and plainly show that this is the golden opportunity for inaugurating a telegraphic enterprise of the character and magnitude of the one now proposed.

An Extraordinary Advantage.

19. On the application of The National Telegraph Company, Congress at its recent session passed a law, which is printed herewith. The existing consolidated monopoly opposed the passage of this law with all the influence and power it could command, but the public interest prevailed, and we have now a national recognition of the importance of our enterprise with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon a Telegraph company.

The National Telegraph Company fully accepted the terms of the Law, July 30th, 1866, by filing their written acceptance with the Postmaster General of the United States.

☞ Subscribers should in all cases transmit funds to the Treasurer of this company, Frederick Prentice, Esq., No. 26 Pine street, who will send by return mail receipts for the same. All other communications should be directed to George B. Walter, Secretary, National Telegraph Company, 64 Broadway, New York.

Whenever subscribers desire so to do, they can pay at once thirty-five per cent on the full amount of their subscriptions and receive certificates of stock issued by the company in which all cases were thirty-five per cent fully paid in, and the Treasurer's receipts returned, certificates will be issued to holders of the receipts, or their order.

☞ Your attention is called to the papers accompanying this, and a prompt response is necessary to ensure a certain participation in the benefits of this organization.

Extract from the United States Statutes at large, vol. 10, page 249, as follows:

An Act to establish certain Post Roads and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1853.

Page 255, sec. 2—And be it further enacted, that all the Railroads and parts of Railroads, which are now or may hereafter be in operation, be and the same are hereby declared Post Roads.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH LAW.

AN ACT to aid in the construction of Telegraph Lines, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for Postal, Military, and other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That any Telegraph company now organized or which may hereafter be organized, under the laws of any State in this Union, shall have the right to construct, maintain, and operate lines of telegraph through and over any portion of the public domain of the United States, over and along any of the military or post routes of the United States which have been or may hereafter be declared such by act of Congress, and over, under, or across the navigable waters of the United States: Provided, That such lines of telegraph shall be so constructed as not to obstruct the navigation of such streams and waters, or interfere with the ordinary travel on such military or post roads. And any of said companies shall have the right to take and use from such public lands the necessary stone, timber, and other materials for its posts, piers, stations, and other needful uses in the construction, maintenance, and operation of said lines of telegraph, and may pre-empt and use such portion of the unoccupied public lands subject to pre-emption through which its said lines of telegraph may be located as may be necessary for it stations, not exceeding forty acres for each station; but such stations shall not be within fifteen miles of each other.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That telegraphic communications between the several Departments of the Government of the United States and their officers and agents shall, in their transmission over the lines of said companies, have priority over all other business, and shall be sent at rates to be annually fixed by the Postmaster General.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the rights and privileges hereby granted shall not be transferred by any company acting under this act to any corporation, association, or person: Provided, however, That the United States may at any time after the expiration of five years from the date of the passage of this act, for postal, military, or other purposes, purchase all the telegraph lines, property, and effects of any or all of said companies at an appraised value, to be ascertained by five competent, disinterested persons, two of whom shall be selected by the Postmaster General of the United States, two by the company interested, and one by the four so previously selected.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That before any Telegraph company shall exercise any of the powers or privileges conferred by this act, such company shall file their written acceptance with the Postmaster General of the restrictions and obligations imposed by this act.

Approved, July 24th, 1866.

Stock may now be subscribed in this company at their office in the city of New York, or at 208 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

ap11 AUGUSTUS BARNES, Agent.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

I RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Hickman, and vicinity, and the towns along the Nashville & Northwestern Railroad, that I am now prepared to supply them with

PURE LAKE ICE,

wholesale or retail, at low as it can be obtained anywhere, having

250 TONS

in my ice house. All orders from a distance promptly filled. Terms, strictly CASH.

JOHN C. HEINZE,
Clinton street, Hickman, Ky.

apr25—3m

Sale and Livery Stable.
KENTUCKY STREET,
Wm. B. Plummer.

Horses, Buggies and Hacks kept constantly on hand for hire and sale.

Thankful for patronage heretofore extended and solicits a continuance of same.

Shingles! Shingles!
10,000 CYPRESS SHINGLES FOR Sale, by
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SEWING MACHINE.

EVERY MACHINE IS
WARRANTED THREE YEARS.

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We use the WHEELER & WILSON, and pronounce it without a rival.
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WORLD'S FAIR
AT PARIS,
Wheeler & Wilson's
IMPROVED
SEWING MACHINE
Was awarded by the Emperor of France, the only
GOLD MEDAL,
being the highest premium for Superiority as a Sewing Machine, over
EIGHTY-TWO COMPETITORS.

THE Sewing Machine interest was fully represented at Paris; every machine of any prominence before the world, manufactured in Europe and America, being in active competition, making this the greatest triumph ever achieved by any Sewing Machine, and entitles the Wheeler & Wilson to the enviable position it has so long held, the Best Sewing Machine in the World.

R. G. GARRETT,
TRAVELING AGENT,
HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

Customers will find it greatly to their advantage to purchase from Mr. Garrett, as he will deliver machines at their homes, at Louisville prices, freight, &c., added, and will give full instructions in their use. He will spare no pains to give his patrons satisfaction. Parties desiring to see machines operate, can have them exhibited at their homes, free of charge, by addressing Mr. R. G. Garrett, Hickman, Ky.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
Western Agents, No. 1. Masonic Temple,
Louisville, Ky. my23 1y

TWENTY-EIGHT SIZES
OF THE CELEBRATED
CHARTER OAK STOVES
Are now made by the
Excelsior Manufacturing Comp'y
ST. LOUIS.

THESE WELL-KNOWN AND VERY POPULAR COOKING STOVES have been before the public since 1852. Each succeeding year has added to their popularity, until the name has become familiar in every household in the West and South. The demand for our

New Charter Oak

last year was greater than we could supply with the sizes then made; anticipating a still greater demand during the present year, we have made patterns for several additional sizes, and are prepared to manufacture 120 to 130

CHARTER OAK STOVES,
per day, of
TWENTY-EIGHT DIFFERENT SIZES.

We guarantee the operation of every stove we manufacture, and offer as reference any one of the many thousands that have been sold, wherever they may be found. Neither labor or expense has been spared to make our NEW CHARTER OAK a

PERFECT COOKING STOVE,

and we offer it to the trade as the BEST CONSTRUCTED, MOST DURABLE and UNIFORM operating COOKING STOVE in the market.

In addition to our EXTENSIVE STOVE BUSINESS, we are prepared to offer to Stove Dealers, Tinsmiths and others in the trade, the largest and most complete assortment of Metals and Tinners' stock in the West. Our arrangements with the St. Louis Stamping Company enables us to give liberal discounts to large buyers of FRENCH STAMPED TINNED IRONWARE, and Tinners' Supplies. Having recently reduced the prices of all articles of our MANUFACTURE, we believe dealers and housekeepers will find it to their interest to send for Catalogue and Price List and examine our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Address

EXCELSIOR MANUF'G CO.,
St. Louis, Missouri.

Sold by

☞ Sold by all stove dealers.

mar21—7m

"Fair Warning."

ALL persons indebted to Drs. Gourley & Corbett are respectfully requested to come forward and settle. We are in need of money and compelled to have it. Those indebted will save cost and trouble by complying with the request. Those who are unable to pay would greatly oblige by coming forward and closing their accounts by note. "A hint to the wise is sufficient."

jan1 tf GOURLEY & CORBETT.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Take the Representative Organ of all the Democratic People, North and South.

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,
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Largest, Live[illegible] Cheapest Democratic Newspaper published in the Union.

IT has been entirely refitted throughout. Its editorial force has been doubled. All its old features remain unchanged, with many new and brilliant features added to them. Its editorial columns sparkle with wit and wisdom, and its news columns overflow with fresh and reliable reports—political, commercial, telegraphic, local, and general. Within three months its circulation has doubled, and it is going forward in the estimation of the people as it never did before. Those who would supply themselves with a thoroughly readable and representative Democratic Newspaper will not be able to suit themselves by one possessing such rare advantages or published at such a cheap rate.

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Eleven copies for one year	70 00
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Thirty-one copies for one year	150 00

These terms are unexampled.

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One copy for one year	$2 00
One copy for the campaign	50
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Twenty copies for the campaign	9 00
Fifty copies for the campaign	18 00
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Specimen copies of either issue (Weekly or Daily) sent free on application.

Enclose money-order, stamps or bills, addressed as follows:

JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky.

THE NASHVILLE BANNER
FOR THE
PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

WE appeal to the friends of Constitutional liberty throughout the State to use every possible effort to circulate the NASHVILLE REPUBLICAN BANNER, from now until the close of the present Presidential canvass.

The issues pending the result of the approaching Presidential election are the most important ever addressed themselves to the people of Tennessee.

The most effective work to be done in the canvass is the circulation of sound conservative principles throughout the medium of the press.

The price of the "Daily Banner" is One Dollar a month, with liberal reduction to clubs.

The "Weekly Campaign Banner," only One Dollar for the entire campaign.

We venture little in giving assurance that the Weekly Campaign Banner will contain the most thorough, comprehensive and complete record of the campaign that will appear any where in the country. Our facilities for making it so are extraordinary, and we propose to use them to the utmost.

This Campaign Banner will contain regular special dispatches from Washington. It will also contain all the important speeches of the canvass, with all other political matters of interest, forming a complete weekly history of the campaign.

☞ Address "REPUBLICAN BANNER," Nashville, Tenn.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY
DR. C. WILLIAMS'

Pulmonic Balsam of Wild Cherry
AND
WOOD NAPTHA.
Recommended by distinguished members of the Medical Profession.

THIS preparation has been for the last twenty years introduced to the public, and it has, by its intrinsic virtues as a remedial agent, secured a remarkable and enviable reputation. Persons who have tried it tender their unqualified testimony in its praise; and it is our candid opinion, based upon observation, that it has already saved hundreds of persons from a premature grave. It has cured cases that baffled the skill of some of the best medical practitioners in the country.

It has cured cases that were considered hopeless. It has given relief in violent Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Bleeding of the Lungs, and that fell enemy of our race—Consumption!

If you value your life and health, be warned in time, and do not trifle with your Cough and Cold any longer, but immediately procure a bottle or two of this infallible preparation, which is admitted by all who have tried it, to be the most valuable and scientific preparation ever offered to the afflicted in all diseases of the Respiratory Organs.

Be not deceived! Purchase no other remedy. Remember your health—nay, life—may depend upon your caution in this particular, and that this is the only reliable remedy now presented to the afflicted; that it not only promptly cures Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Throast, Breast, Lungs, but will in its earlier stages, most positively cure Consumption, if this remedy is resorted to in time, and the directions which are ample are faithfully followed.

Sold by W. R. WALKER and CHARLES A. HOLCOMBE, Druggists, Clinton street, Hickman, Ky., and throughout the Southern States. Price $1 50 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $7 50.

All wholesale orders addressed to DR. C. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Memphis, Tenn.,
Will receive prompt attention. my23 1y

Lassitude.

A feeling of lassitude is generally experienced throughout the summer solstice. Weakly constituted persons or those of sedentery habits invariably complain of this annoyance. The scorching heat of midsummer relaxes the system and reduces the vital energies. If the patient is of a nervous temperament this debility unfits him for even the ordinary routine of every day life. When this state of exhaustion

THE HICKMAN COURIER

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

Warren & Martin.

OFFICE

On the corner of Jackson and Kentucky sts., (up stairs.)

GEORGE WARREN, Editor.

SATURDAY, : : AUGUST 22, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

COL. FRANK WOLFORD, of Casey.
HON. JESSE D. BRIGHT, of Carroll.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

I.—J. M. BIGGER, of McCracken.
II.—A. K. BRADLEY, of Hopkins.
III.—WM. WALLACE, Sr., of Jefferson.
V.—ROYLE WASHINGTON, of Jefferson.
VI.—A. B. CHAMBERS, of Gallatin.
VII.—G. W. CRADDOCK, of Franklin.
VIII—HARRISON COCKRILL, of Estill.
IX.—JOHN M. RICE, of Lawrence.

The Brownlow War.

In the hope of diverting public attention from their corruptions and crimes, and of avoiding the momentous issues of the pending canvass, the Radicals have concerted a howl against the Southern States, and, poor Tennessee, so long persecuted and down trodden, is the especial object of their wrath. In the pending Presidential election Tennessee is to be a big electioneering document, and it is with the Conservative people of that State, whether it will be used for the benefit or to the disadvantage of the National Democracy. The cry of "war" in Tennessee is nothing more than a political trick, or "stop thief" expedient, by means of which the Radicals, who shout the loudest, hope to escape detection of their own conscious guilt. The good people of Tennessee, every good man will admit, have sufficient cause to rise and hurl Brownlow and his crew from power, but they are too sensible to fall knowingly into the tricks of their enemies. Hence we predict, the bloody fears which Tennessee Radicals indulge in, will never occur, and that the terrible excitement now worked up, is Radical political trickery, intended to influence the Northern mind. Their tactics is to take advantage of the exasperated condition of the public mind in that State, and if possible to goad the good people into some excesses and violence, and to use the same to their advantage in the Northern States. We would beg our good neighbors, for the sake of our common country, for the sake of the success of the Democratic party, to forbear and endure yet awhile longer, and not, under the guidance of hot headed men, fall a prey to this insidious effort of the enemy. The Radicals well remember what immense aid the riots of New Orleans and Memphis were to them, and would gladly welcome blood shed and carnage in Tennessee upon the eve of the pending Presidential election.

The South, in its desolate and impoverished condition, has every interest in preserving peace. That is the only mode by which we can ever regain prosperity. Hence every southern man has, and will continue to urge it, labor for it, pray for it, as the greatest of boons. Upon the contrary, the Radicals live by agitation and strife, and therefore, do not want repose and restored relations, but hope by the imposition of the most degrading term to aggravate the South, and to excite the people into a spirit of resentment. The course of Brownlow and his party has brought the State to the verge of civil war, and the Radical heart has been delighted with the prospect of the storm. Thanks to the judgment and patriotism of the leading men of that State, the storm is to be averted, and if Radicals howl they must howl at the wind. Let Tennessee wait two more months with patience and deliverance will come.

"IT IS THE HISTORY OF THE RADICAL PARTY THAT CONDEMNS IT."—So says a New York journal which advocates the election of Grant. And it repeats: "Men on either side count for little; it is the history of the Radical party that condemns it." If quantity as well as quality of history is measured and estimated honestly for purposes of condemnation, those who would vote for Grant and Colfax would be "themselves alone." The Radical party has had a fair opportunity to write its own history; and it has written it with a free pen. If it has brought one benefit upon the country, it remains to be recorded:

The word taxation hardly occurs in its history (that of the Democratic party), and it never aimed a blow at the Supreme Court or sought to cripple the Government in the person of the Executive. It sympathized with the South in the war, and that can be forgiven by a people who are at last coming to look upon the Republicans as the South looked upon them when the war began.

Thus continues the paper from which we quote. It is a tribute worth quoting. To avoid grinding imposition upon the people, has always been the aim of Democratic statesmen; and they have consistently maintained the balances and division of powers recognized by and provided in the Constitution. The people are now being compelled to look into the details of the history of the two parties. Professions of "loyalty" pay not the tax-gatherer.

IT is predicted that the Democracy will carry the State of Georgia by fifty thousand majority for Seymour and Blair.

Crossland for Congress.

A number of the friends of Col. Ed. Crossland are strongly urging him to make the race for Congress in this District. By act of Congress he has been relieved of the disabilities under which he labored, on account of his participation in the late civil war. This act appears to render him eligible to any office in the Federal government; but, whether, the Radical majority of Congress would admit him, is a question, which we, his friends, should well consider. The people of Western Kentucky have never failed to give Ed. Crossland a generous support, and if from the lights before him he shall decide to make the race, we can not question but that his old prestige will continue with him. Judge Trimble, our present distinguished representative is well worthy our support, and there are many strong reasons in favor of his being returned. Should the interest of these two distinguished gentlemen come in conflict, we doubt not they will willingly submit their claims to a convention.

The Maine Election.

An election for Congressmen, Governor and other State officers, takes place on the second Monday in September next. Both parties are making vigorous exertions, but the Republicans in particular are working with all the energy of despair. They have flooded the State with campaign documents, and their most effective speakers are to be found in every section of the State. We cannot anticipate the result with any degree of certainty. We do not believe the Democrats can carry the State; but even this is possible. In 1864 the Republican majority was 19,258; in 1865 it was 22,821; in 1866 it was 27,255; and in 1867 it fell, under the pressure of the reaction against Radicalism, to 11,342.

THE FIRST DISTRICT.—This, the first Congressional District, is composed of 14 counties, viz: Ballard, Calloway, Caldwell, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken, Trigg, Union and Webster. The District polls 16,307 votes, of which 1,382 are Radicals.

FOR CONGRESS.—We are authorized to announce Hon. L. S. Trimble, a candidate for re-election to Congress in this District. The Judge is already upon the stump, canvassing at present the upper counties of the district, and will we understand visit every county in the district before the election. Politically, as a democrat, as one who has stood firmly opposed to the Radicals in Congress, Mr. Trimble is the pride and has the thanks of his people. He has stood the test of Radical wrath, and notwithstanding his bold, independent conservative course, and the determined effort of Radicals to exclude him, he has been by their own party pronounced "loyal" and entitled to his seat. There has been a number of other candidates spoken of for the position, some of them everyway worthy and well qualified, but we believe none others have announced themselves.

Seymour Serenaded.

The conservative veteran soldiers and sailors of Utica, recently serenaded Gov. Seymour at his headquarters—the Butterfield House. There was a vast assemblage in front of the hotel. After music he was introduced by General McQuade. He was received with immense cheering, and spoke as follows:

SOLDIERS: I thank you for this mark of your good will. I know better than most men the character of the service rendered by the soldiers of the late war. I gave them more than fifteen thousand commissions. It was my official duty to mark their upward progress in the field. It was also my duty to record the loss of the life of many of those with whom I had had pleasant intercourse in the Executive chamber.

I saw your regiments as they went forth to war, with ranks filled with men in the vigor and prime of manhood. It was my official privilege to thank them in the name of the State when they returned with thinned ranks and torn banners, which were made glorious by the proofs that they had been borne by brave men in the thickest of the fight.

It is a pleasant thing amid all the harassment of a political canvass to receive these tokens of good will and confidence from those who have shown their patriotism in the battlefield. In return, I pledge myself in whatever station I may be placed, in public or private life, to struggle for the restoration of that Union for which you have perilled your lives in the contest of arms.

In our struggle for constitutional rights we are strengthened in our convictions of duty by the fact that a majority of our soldiers uphold us in this political contest. In the course of my life I have received many testimonials from political friends as well as political opponents, from their sense of the services which I have been able to render to our State and country, but none touch my heart so much as these proofs of respect which comes from my neighbors; and particularly those given by men who have served our country in the ranks of its armies.

Gov. Seymour retired amid enthusiastic cheers.

TENNESSEE AFFAIRS.—In a recent conversation the President expressed himself unreservedly and warmly on the condition of affairs in Tennessee. In regard to the calling out of the militia by Brownlow, he pointed to the constitutional provision that no State could organize a standing army in time of peace, and said that if these militia were thus unlawfully called out they would be confronted by the national troops. In order to carry out this line of policy a new commander of the department in place of General Thomas was canvassed, and the names of Generals Rousseau, Gordon Granger, and Gillem mentioned prominently in connection therewith.

EX-PRESIDENTIAL TOUR.—The friends of the President say that he will embark for Europe on the 5th of March next, and seek in the foreign parts recuperation from the most arduous term of office ever served by a President of the United States.

Andrew Johnson to the Rescue.

In the Louisville Journal of yesterday appeared the following highly important dispatch from its correspondent at Washington: "In a recent conversation the President expressed himself unreservedly and warmly on the condition of affairs in Tennessee. In regard to the calling out of the militia by Brownlow, he pointed to the constitutional provision that no State could organize a standing army in time of peace, and said that if these militia were thus unlawfully called out they would be confronted by the National troops. In order to carry out this line of policy a new Commander of the Department in place of General Thomas was canvassed, and the names of Generals Rouseau, Gordon Grainger and Gillem were mentioned prominently therewith."

The influence that such a policy on the part of the President, if firmly adhered to and vigorously carried out, would have on the condition of affairs in Tennessee, can hardly be estimated even by those who are directly interested. It would revive the drooping spirits of our people, enable us to prosecute the canvass with at least a reasonable chance of success—above all, it would prevent the fearful internecine strife which the Radi[illegible] has reached us from Washington, and we cling to the belief in its authenticity with all the desperation of despair.

The substantial facts of the dispatch above quoted were disclosed to us last Tuesday by a gentleman of commanding political influence in the Democratic party in this State, who had just arrived from Washington. During a confidential interview which he had with the President about ten days ago, the latter distinctly announced his intention of sending Federal troops to Tennessee in sufficient force to protect the people from the militia, should such a means of carrying the Presidential election be resorted to by Brownlow and his advisers. The statement made by the gentleman referred to so strongly confirms the Journal's dispatch that we are justified in still indulging the hope that Andrew Johnson will not desert his fellow-citizens of Tennessee in this their dearest hour of extremity.—*Nash. Banner.*

Encouraging Prospects of the Presidential Canvass.

PROGRESS OF THE CAMPAIGN IN MICHIGAN.

The signs of the times are auspicous. Never in the history of political contests, have the indications thus early been so favorable to the Democracy of the country as to-day. In whatever direction we turn, the voice of hope and words of cheer greet us. The people already begin to take courage for the future. Democratic gatherings everywhere are large and enthusiastic, while Radical ones are small and spiritless. The whole party seems smitten with the weight of guilt which is upon its leaders.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS.

In Indiana and Illinois, our friends are at work nobly and energetically for the redemption of those States from the stigma of Radicalism. Hendricks and others are on the stump, and are enthusiastically received in every part of Indiana, while Eden and a host of able speakers are working with determination in Illinois, and are by no means without a hope of carrying the State, notwithstanding the large majority against us two years ago.

OHIO.

In Ohio, Pendleton, Ward, Thurman, and others, are all dealing heavy blows upon the Radical front, with every prospect of success. It is claimed that the change in the German vote alone, in that State, will secure its electoral vote for Seymour and Blair.

THE NORTHWESTERN STATES.

In Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin, the battle is being well fought, and our friends are very enthusiastic in their efforts to place these States in the Democratic column. It is not at all improbable, viewing their condition from the present standing point, that we may receive the victory in all these States, except in Iowa, and even in that our friends are not without hope. The popular changes have been largely in our favor, and will continue to be so up to the election; but whether sufficient to overcome the enormous Radical majority of the past, the result alone will tell.

PENNSYLVANIA.

From Pennsylvania, the keystone in the old Democratic arch, the news is not only good, but cheering. Our friends are sanguine of success. They are pressing the enemy back at every point along the whole line, and intend that their route shall be final and complete on the 3d of November.

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY.

New York and New Jersey are conceded as beyond Radical hope. The Democracy are "carrying the war into Africa" in those States, with a vengeance. In neither of them have the disciples of the mum candidate been able to secure a respectable number for attendance at their public meetings. The tide of enthusiasm and popular feeling is all on the Democratic side.

NEW ENGLAND.

In all New England our friends are doing battle most gallantly. The Nutmeg State (and where will you find a greater?) is going to fully maintain its position in the Democratic fold; while in New Hampshire the hardy Democracy are laboring ardently for the success of the "faith that is in them." That they may succeed is by no means improbable.

DELAWARE AND MARYLAND.

Delaware, as usual, is sure for a Democratic majority. Maryland stands side by side with her sister State, and will roll up a large Democratic majority.

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Throughout the South the Union sentiments of the people are gaining strength, and their supporters are daily organizing meetings in numbers. There is reason to be encouraged with hope, that notwithstanding the schemes and villainies of the Congressional Quirks, Gammons and Snaps in behalf of the Titmouse satraps, we shall have a good account of the manner in which the battle of the Union and the Constitution has been once more fought in that portion of the country.

THE WESTERN STATES.

From the Western States come the words of cheer, and the indications of success. Our friends in California and Oregon promise to "be in at the death" of Radicalism, and make their shouts of victory heard east of the mountains.

HON. Joshua Hill, the newly-elected Senator from Georgia, emphatically denies that he ever said that he would stump that State for Grant and Colfax.

THE VOTE.

FULL OFFICIAL RETURNS.

An Increased Poll.

Stevenson's Majority 89,249

Stevenson's vote	115,524
Baker's vote	26,275
Stevenson's majority	89,249
Aggregate vote this year	141,799
Aggregate vote last year	137,338
Increase of aggregate	4,468
Helm's vote last year	90,225
Increase of Democratic vote	25,300
Barnes' vote last year	33,939
Decrease of Radical vote	7,664

The Crops.

Reports of the crops from all sections of the country are most favorable, and there is every reason to believe the present season will be the most abundant in all the cereals and in hay and fruit that was ever known in this country. And even with regard to cotton, sugar and tobacco there is much better prospect than the prostrate condition and difficulties of the South had led us to believe. [illegible] planted over three million[illegible] corn more this year than last in the United States. While the area is somewhat less in most of the New England States, New Jersey and Maryland, it has been much greater in all the Western and Southern States. Among the States where the greatest increases of cultivation has taken place may be mentioned Louisiana, where the increased area has been three hundred and ninety-seven thousand acres; Arkansas, three hundred and seventy-six thousand acres; Missouri, four hundred and seven thousand acres; Illinois, three hundred and sixty-six thousand acres, and so on through all the South and West. In the whole of the States there have been planted more than thirty-six millions of acres—an advance of nine per cent. over last year. But the yield will be in a much greater proportion—probably fifteen to twenty per cent.—on account of the favorable season and fine appearance of the crops. As to wheat, the universal opinion is that the crop will be the largest ever grown and produced in this country. In the most famous wheat-producing sections of Ohio, Missouri, Michigan, Kansas, and other States it is believed that the amount will be threefold what it was in 1867. Notwithstanding less favorable reports from a few sections where the midge, extreme heat, rust or other causes have affected the crops, there is no doubt that the general average will be greater than in any previous season. The same remarks will apply to rye, oats, barley and potatoes. With regard to cotton, there has been a less number of acres planted, probably, estimated by some at ten per cent. less on the whole than last year, but the crop generally promises well, and in yield may be greater than that of last year. There is reason to expect this. At anything like the present price this would be equal in value to the full crop of former years. Two millions of bales at twenty-nine to thirty cents a pound—which is the present quotation of middling—would be worth as much in money as the four millions before the war at ten to twelve cents a pound. Tobacco may not cover quite as large an area as heretofore, but the crop promises very well, and the price will make up for the smaller quantity. In Louisiana planters are turning their attention again to the cultivation of sugar, and it is estimated by some that a hundred thousand hogsheads will be produced this year. The hay crop everywhere is enormously large, and from the scarcity in Europe we are now exporting it at a most remunerative price. Such is the demand and price abroad that shippers can afford to send it by steamships, and almost every steamer that leaves New York carries a quantity as freight. Such is the happy condition of this great country and granary of the world with regard to all the productions necessary to sustain life and stimulate commerce.

Judge R. K. Williams' Speech.

At the ratification meeting of the Democracy of the First Congressional District of Kentucky, Judge R. K. Williams, a distinguished jurist and statesman, made a speech which seems to have given great offense to that truly "loil" sheet, the Paducah Gazette. Judge Williams was a strong Union man, took an active part in favor of the United States Government against the rebellion, and now, because he will not co-operate with the ultra disunion element known as the Radical party, he must be denounced as renegade, traitor, etc. The fact is, Judge Williams' speech was one of great ability. It was an able expose of the corruptions, and incendiary and revolutionary purposes of the Radical party. We are not astonished to see the "galled jade wince."—*Paducah Kentuckian.*

NEGRO RIOTERS.—The negro military rioters from Alexandria, who fired into the crowd upon the sidewalk on Pennsylvania avenue upon the occasion of their visit to the remains of Thaddeus Stevens, in the capital, by which, almost miraculously, but one old darky was killed, are now on trial, with a fair prospect of a long trying some of the reality which their poor old victim was so summarily sent to experience. It is a pity thus to interfere with the innocent amusement of the "loyal black element," and none but those in whose hearts treason is still rankling would be guilty of it.

AN EYE OPENER.—The ninety thousand majority for the Democratic governor in Kentucky—a direct gain of 23,762 for the people, and a falling off of 9,866 in the Radical vote. Such a record as this in the old home of Clay and Crittenden—and Clay and Crittenden men in Kentucky now all vote the Conservative ticket—ought to encourage every true Clay Whig of the olden time to rally to the cause of the Union.—*New York Express.*

THE South Carolina radicals express the highly amiable and humane desire to cut Gov. Scott's heart out. No Kuklux in that.

New Advertisements.

Mrs. S. A. Roulhac's School

FOR

YOUNG LADIES AND GIRLS,

WILL commence the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, 1868, and continue five months, or twenty weeks. A limited number only will be taken. Those wishing to send can apply to J. H. Roulhac, or to Mrs. Roulhac at her residence.

TERMS OF TUITION—$2 50, $3 00, $3 50 and $4 per month, according to advancement of pupil. A tax of $1 50 will be charged for each scholar as incidental expense.

The patrons of the School are requested to visit the school room every Friday and hear the weekly review.

aug22–1m SALLIE A. ROULHAC.

ROSEWELL INSTITUTE,

State Line Station, Fulton co., Ky., on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad.

REV. JAMES J. PAGE, Principal; Mrs. Virginia Page, Vice Principal; Mrs. M. L. Bowes, and Miss M. Middleton, Assistant Teachers.

The exercises of this institution will commence, MONDAY, SEPT. 7TH, 1868.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the GERMAN [illegible] SEPTEMBER, 1868. Tuition must be paid every month in advance, payable to the teacher.

The School shall be divided in four classes. The first class has to pay for each month, $3 00; second, $3 00; third, $2 50; fourth $2 00. Every scholar must pay his tuition during the first week of each month, otherwise he shall be dismissed.

If a scholar beginning his studies in our school during the first week of the month, he has to pay the full amount of monthly tuition; if he begin after the first week, his tuition will be charged from the date on which he began.

By order of the German School Board.

aug15—1m JA. FRENZ, Pres't.

Rural Academy,

STATE LINE, KY.

J. G. WESTBROOK, A. M., Principal.

FIRST Term of Five Months begins 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1868. Per term of 20 weeks as follows:

Primary Class	$ 10 00
Intermediate Class	12 00
Academy Class	16 00
Scientific Class	20 00
Collegiate Languages	25 00
Music on Piano	25 00

Board in private family from $10 to $12 per month.

For further information apply to the principal, or to the Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

W. B. McCONNEL, President.
G. S. MILES, Secretary.
J. M. ALEXANDER,
J. A. BOARD,
W. L. ALEXANDER,
Trustees.

aug15–tf

PARIS FEMALE COLLEGE.

PARIS, TENN.

ADVANTAGES—

Healthy and accessible location.
A Cabinet of specimens.
A fine Library.
An extensive assortment of Apparatus.
Weekly Lectures on Scientific subjects.

Board, exclusive of lights and washing, $15 per month.

Tuition $12 to $25.

The Session will commence FIRST MONDAY [illegible] September next.

E. H. RANDLE, A. M.,
President.

aug8–tf

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND Debilitated, whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable: If you are suffering, or have suffered, from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights! Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflated by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men, from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Disease of these organs require the use of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existieg in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness; and that of Posterity depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 New York, and 104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa. PRICE, $1 25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed. [aug22] H. T. HELMBOLD.

Attention, Stockholders!

THE Stockholders of the Fulton County Agricultural Fair are politely requested to call on the Treasurer and pay their instalments of stock for the present year.

B. R. WALKER,
aug1—tf Treasurer.

New Advertisements.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

"ROSADALIS,"

Recommended by the Best Physicians, and the leading men and newspapers throughout the country.

Read the following from "Brick Pomeroy's" paper, the La Crosse Democrat, in its issue of May 12th, 1868:

"*ROSADALIS.*

"We never commend a think to the public until we know just what it is, and that is why, having the greatest confidence in the preparation, we can earnestly recommend to a suffering public, Dr. Lawrence's compound extract of Rosadalis.

"It is unrivalled as a blood purifyer, and is a certain cure for Scrofula in all its various forms, Chronic Rheumatism, Sore Eyes, Eruptions of the Skin, and all diseases of the blood, liver, kidneys and bladder. After eradicating every species of humor and bad taint it restores the system to a healthy and vigorous condition, and never produces the slightest injury in any shape.

"Unlike patent quack medicines, the Rosadalis is not compounded of unknown ingredients, but the list of articles from which it is compounded is published and wrapped about each bottle, and wherever it has been introduced the Medical Faculty have most highly recommended it.

"Dr. Lawrence has thousands of the best kind of testimonials from sufferers who [illegible] known, it was extensively used, and the manufacturers found it necessary to remove to Baltimore, in order to be able to supply the unprecedented demand.

"The Rosadalis is everything that is claimed for it, which fact is evidenced by its rapid sale, and the good reputation it has already obtained. Dr. J. J. Lawrence & Co., sole proprietors and manufacturers, Baltimore, Maryland."

ROSADALIS.

Sold wholesale by all the principal wholesale Druggists in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retailed by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address,

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE & CO.,
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, 244 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.
WESTERN DEPOT—230 Vine st., Cincinnati, Ohio. aug22—1y.

NEW GOODS.

Spring and Summer Styles of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Latest Styles of

LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S,

SPRING HATS,

Ribbons, Flowers, & Dress Trimings,

AT VERY LOW PRICES

at

mar28 MILLET & ROULHAC'S.

J. S. HUBBARD,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND

FURNITURE,

SHIPPER OF TOBACCO, COTTON AND

OTHER PRODUCE,

Upon which he will make liberal advances in cash when in store for shipment,

CLINTON STREET, HICKMAN, KY.

John Witting,

EATING HOUSE

and

BEER SALOON,

at his new brick building on Jackson Street.

Keep constantly on hand the best quality of

LAGER BEER,
OYSTERS,
SARDINES,
ETC.

dec25 1y

THOS. M. JONES,

HOUSE

AND

SIGN PAINTER.

WILL always be found at W. R. Walker's Drug Store, Clinton street, Hickman, Ky.

CONFECTIONARY & BEER SALOON,

at Whitting's old stand, Clinton st.

Lager Beer.

JOHN SEMONESE informs the public that he has opened a Confectionary house, in which he keeps all sorts of Groceries, Liquors of the very best qualities, Candies Oysters, Nuts, Flour, Coal Oil, and the usual variety kept in such establishments, which he is prepared to sell cheap, and would be thankful for a liberal share of patronage

jan11—1y

Barber Shop.

E. MARGRAFF & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE CITIZENS of Hickman and vicinity, that they are prepared for Shaving and Hair Dressing, or Cutting, with neatness and dispatch.

Also, Shampooning and Hair-dying.

HOME GROWN

FRUIT TREES.

20,000 APPLE Trees, select varieties, adapted to this climate, cultivated and for sale, at the

HIGHLAND NURSERY,

eight miles from Hickman, Ky., on the Dyersburg Road.

ap12—1y. GEORGE E. ROGERS.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

Fresh Arrivals at

WOLF & PLAUT'S,

Corner Clinton and Jackson streets,

HICKMAN, KY.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

Our large stock was selected with great care, and can be sold at prices lower than they were ever before offered in this market. apl 18

BONDURANT & DREWRY,

Wholesale Grocer, Forwarding

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

HICKMAN, : : : KY.

AGENTS FOR

Ohio River Salt Company.

A LARGE supply of SALT, LIME, and CEMENT, and heavy

GROCERIES,

Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, etc., constantly on hand.

HERTWECK & BALTZER, & CO.,

Complete Establishment

FOR

Blacksmithing,

HORSE-SHOEING,

WAGON MAKING

CARRIAGES,

BUGGIES,

PLOWS,

ETC.,

Corner of Wabash and Carroll Streets,

HICKMAN, KY.,

TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO their friends and patrons that they are always on hand and ready for business and will attend promptly to all orders for work. They always have on hand the very best and most substantial

Wagons, Plows, Etc.,

which they will sell on moderate terms. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

SADDLES! HARNESS! BRIDLES!!

A. S. ANDERSON,

CLINTON ST., : HICKMAN, KY.

HAS on hand a large number of all kinds of *SADDLES* made by competent home workmen.

Harness, Collars, etc.,

made to order, and in the most workmanlike manner, at figures as low as the market can afford.

Especial attention given to REPAIRING of every description.

Only competent workmen employed.

may 16—1y.

E. CASE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS removed to his new brick on Clinton street, where he will continue the *TAILORING BUSINESS.*

He has on hand a small stock of well selected

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

Particular attention given to the Tailoring business, and competent workmen employed. The

POST OFFICE

has been removed to the same building.

ap25—

HICKMAN MARBLE WORKS

HICKMAN, KY.

B. C. Ramage,

DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble,

MONUMENTS, TOMB AND GRAVE STONES.

HAVING received a fine lot of American and Italian Marble, I am prepared to fill all orders. Call and examine our work Orders from the country promptly filled.

L. PERSON,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR

LANDRUM'S BLOCK, CLINTON STREET,

HICKMAN, KY.

HAS ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF fine Vestings, Fine Cassimeres, Broad Cloths, and a superior stock of Gentlemen's Dress Goods. I invite all who wish to purchase to come and examine, and I will be certain to satisfy them.

dec25 1y L. PERSON.

FRANCIS MILLER,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Havana and Domestic Cigars,

TOBACCO, SNUFF, PIPES, ETC.

also,

Toys, Notions, Etc.,

Clinton Street,

HICKMAN, - - - KY.

dec25 1y

FRENZ'S BEER SALOON.

JULIUS FRENZ has opened a new Beer Saloon, corner Clinton and Cumberland street, under Frenz Hall. He also keeps Confectionaries, Candies, Oysters, Sardines, Pigs Feet, etc.

Boots and Shoes.

Also, Boot and Shoe shop next door to the saloon. The best of workmen employed, and repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jan4 1y

Capitol Saloon,

JOHN C. HEINZE, - - Proprietor,

Clinton Street, Hickman, Kentucky.

Keep constantly on hand a superior quality of

Wines and Liquors,

the best of

LAGER BEER,

and the finest brand of CIGARS.

Also, Candies, Sardines, Oysters, Pigs Feet, etc., etc. dec25 1y

FREDERICK WEHMAN,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

JACKSON STREET, - - HICKMAN, KY.,

ANNOUNCE that he is prepared to do all work in his line. Boots and Shoes of the very finest make and quality put up on shortest notice. Repairing of all kinds solicited.

CHAS. A HOLCOMBE'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S

Great Remedies.

BULL'S CEDRON [illegible]ERS.

AUTHENTIC DOCU[illegible]

Arkansas Heard From.

TESTIMONY OF MEDICAL MEN.

STONEY POINT, White co., *Ark.*, May 28, '65

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health, tried them, and he also improved.

Dr. Coffee, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. Indeed the Cedron Bitters has given you great popularity in this settlement. I think I could sell a great quantity of your medicines this fall—especially of your Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla. Ship me via Memphis, care of Rickett and Neely.

Respectfully, C. B. WALKER.

JOHN BULL'S WORM DESTROYER.

Parents Read this Important Letter—You are Interested in its Contents.

MIDDLETOWN, Ind., April 20, '66.

Mr. M. L. Duplan writes: I do not know that Bull's Worm Destroyer needs any more recommendations than it has already attained by its own merits, but will state that my little son, aged about three years, was severely attacked last fall and winter with light spasms, or perhaps more properly fits, lasting from half an hour to one and a half hours; at the same time the child had strong symptoms of worms. My physician—one of the best in this part of the country—exhausted all his skill and the Materia Medica to expel the worms, and entirely failed to bring any. I thought "John Bull" could do it, and gave the child the contents of three boxes, in triple doses, night and morning, with happy results. The child has not had a spasm for over three months, and instead of the bloated mass that he was, he is now well and hearty. 'John Bull did it.'

Yours, truly, M. L. DUPLAN.

A CALL FROM MINNESOTA.

KINGSTON, P. O., Meeken co., Min., Apl. 7, '66.

MR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I moved from Kentucky to this place. The stores have none of your Worm Destroyer for sale. They are greatly needed here in Minnesota. A trial is all that is needed to give them a reputation. We can't do without them. Do send some on this way.

Yours, sincerely, D. G. ARROWOOD.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

A GOOD REASON FOR THE CAPTAIN'S FAITH.

Read the Captain's Letter and the Letter From His Mother.

BENTON BARRACKS, Mo., April 30, '66.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case: I was wounded about two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not sat up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in any thing else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige

CAPT. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1865, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Capt. Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S. Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhea and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. IT CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio, and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores, and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully, JENNIE JOHNSON.

SMITH TONIC SYRUP

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER

OR

CHILLS AND FEVER.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy, and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:
No. 40 Fifth, Cross street,
Louisville, Ky.

All of the above remedies for sale by C. A. HOLCOMBE, Druggist, feb8—1y Hickman, Ky.

THE HICKMAN COURIER,

SATURDAY : : AUGUST 22, 1868.

Fulton Democratic Committee.

The Democratic State Central Committee at Frankfort have appointed the following Executive Committee for Fulton county:

Henry A. Tyler, Chairman; George Warren, John A. Wilson, G. S. Miles, W. B. McConnell, James H. Craig.

For Congress.

We are authorized and requested to announce Hon. L. S. TRIMBLE, of McCracken county, a candidate for Congress at the November election.

SELECT SCHOOL.—Mrs. Sallie Roulhac's select school for young ladies and girls will commence on the first Monday in September. Only a limited number of pupils will be taken. Mrs. Roulhac is well and favorably known in this community as a teacher, and needs no word of commendation from us.

GOOD NEWS.—If you want cheap home-made Furniture, call on Charles Oswald, at his new Furniture store.

DIXON, who sometime since shot and brutally murdered a woman at Union City, and who was tried for the offence and sentenced to be hung, has been pardoned by Brownlow. After getting his freedom he returned to Union City, the scene of his brutality, and on attempting to leave was shot at by some relative of the murdered woman. The supposition is that he is now in Cairo.

FAIRS.—We acknowledge the receipt of complimentary tickets to the Paducah and Henderson Fairs. The third annual Fair of Paducah and McCracken County Agricultural and Mechanical Association, commences September 22d, and continues through the 23, 24, and 25th. This Fair is expected to be the finest ever had in the Purchase.

The Henderson Fair commonces the 6th, of October, and continues on the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th. The inducements offered for competition in all the various departments are large, and this association is one of the best in the State.

MARRIED.—In Cadiz, Ohio, August 20, 1868, Dr. B. F. Slaughter, U. S. A., (stationed at Union City, Tenn.,) and Miss Linnie Warfel, late of Columbus, Ky. We acknowledge card.

THE GEN. ANDERSON.—The polite and accomdating officers of the General Anderson, the tri-weekly Hickman and Cairo Packet, have our thanks for late papers.

Local On Dits.

REV. J. B. Harris, of the Methodist Church of this place, is to be transferred to the Illinois Conference, and will leave this place September 20.

TRADE in Hickman last week was greatly improved.

THE Quarterly County Court meets Monday next.

THE recent sidewalk law of our City Council, providing for the building and repairing of our pavements, turns out to be a dead letter. Query, Why should the Council enact laws, and not enforce them?

THE number of business houses throughout the city placarded "For Rent" is becoming alarmingly great, while it is impossible to obtain a dwelling house at any price. Cause: the great excess of widows.

MARRIAGES on horseback are popular at the West, and are called bridle ceremonies. We should prefer taking ours the "old way."

OUR merchants are making extensive preparations for a brilliant fall trade. We notice improvements in progress on every hand.

AT a recent little party held in Hickman there were 18 young men present. Of these, 16 are to be married before the first of January. The other two acknowledged themselves hopeless old bachelors. This means talk.

THE attention of the City Council is called to the filthy condition of several streets. It is abominable, and if not cleaned may breed disease.

ALSO, the large piles of debris lying in different parts of town, from the wrecks of old houses, etc., should be removed.

C. L. RANDLE, Commonwealth's Attorney elect in this district, has received his commission. His first court meets in Blandville, the first Monday in September.

BAKER BOYD, formerly of Hickman, was elected Commonwealth's Attorney in the Owensboro district. Jere Gillard, also, formerly of this place, was elected Commonwealth's Attorney in one of the upper Kentucky districts.

WE understand the Fulton County Agricultural Society have engaged the Paducah Brass band to play at the Fair this Fall.

IN some of the Northern cities drunkards are discharged, without being fined, from the police courts, after first subscribing to the "pledge." A good idea that.

CHAS. Oswald, keeps metallic coffins for sale. "No person having once tried one of these coffins will ever use any other."

AN honest farmer writes to the Agricultural society, "Gentlemen, please put me down on your list of cattle for a bull."

JUDGE T. B. Logan, of this place has been given charge of the Fulton County Academy. We congratulate the Trustees upon securing the services of so competent and able a gentleman.

JUDGE Walker, married a couple on Wednesday last, Hiram Skipworth and Mrs. Cynthia Wright. The bride had been married three times, was aged 31 years, and the groom only 16.

Sunday School Lecture.

Rev. A. J. Hall, the Sunday School Missionary and childrens preacher will deliver an address to the children in the Baptist church Sunday night. All are respectfully invited to attend, both young and old of all denominations.

Also, there will be preaching at the Baptist Church, Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, A. M.

THE BEULAH BAPTIST ASSOCIATION will meet Saturday before the 1st Sunday in next month, at Mt. Olive, 10 miles out on the Troy road. Continue 3 days. All are invited—open doors.

J. F. MARRS, Pres't

LOOK TO THE EAST.—Mose Amberg has departed for the eastern cities for the purpose of purchasing their Fall stock of goods.

LIFE INSURANCE.—S. K. Caldwell, who died in this county last week, had his life insured for $5,000. The assurance was effected only last January, and but a sigle premium had been paid.

MISSOURI ELECTIONS.—We understand that Sheriff Pe[illegible] well known to all our citizens, is being strongly urged to run for the Legislature in Mississippi county, Mo. We hope our democratic friends "across the waters" may put him through successfully.

THE New York Herald, ever trimming its sails to the popular breeze, now declares that the election of Seymour and Blair is an absolute certainty.

IT is stated that Jefferson Davis will shortly return to New Orleans and take up his residence in that city as the agent of an eminent London commercial firm.

IF Adam were alive, he would be 5,863 years old the 13th of next month.

THE Radical majority in Wisconsin has gone down in this wise:—In 1863 it was 25,000; in 1864, 17,000; in 1865, 10,000; in 1867, 4,000.

MATTRESSES of every description, and Spring bottoms for beds—one of the best inventions of the age—always on hand and for sale cheap by Chas. Oswald.

A GUSHING "school marm" from East Tennessee went to Trenton, in that State, to teach the beloved negroes' ideas how to shoot, where she was arrested for miscegenation. That's right, "marm" get the ideas before you learn them to shoot.

IT is claimed that no Presidential election can be held in Alabama, for the reason that, under the new constitution there must be a registration before an election, and the Legislature adjourned without passing a registry law.

A correspondent informs the Baltimore American that James Green, of Missouri, is the name of the former U. S. Senator whom a paragraph in the papers, a few days since, stated had been picked up in the streets of New Orleans in a sick and destitute condition and taken to the Charity Hospital. At one time he was the most formidable opponent of Stephen A. Douglas in the United States Senate.

MORE "REBEL OUTRAGES."—Last Wednesday, the little village of Starrettsville, in this county was the scene of a bloody and fatal rencountre, between a man by the name of McGinnis and two brothers by the name of Gammons. We have no particulars, but learn that the affray was the result of an old family fued. In the fight, the Gammon's killed McGinnis, cutting his throat from year to year. The Gammons' were arrested and taken to Newbern for trial.—*Dyersburg Gazette.*

The National Intelligencer lets us "out of the woods" as to which side the influence of President Johnson will be thrown. It concludes an editorial in these words: "His policy is that of the country, and the election of Seymour and Blair, while restoring peace, prosperity and Constitutional liberty, will be the vindication by a grateful people of President Johnson and the policy he presented."

"LET US HAVE PEACE."—A crazy carpet-bagger, who edits a "loyal" paper at San Antonio, Texas, thus ventilates his murderous plans:

"We say give us a loyal militia, let them be as black as the sable hinges of Dante's Inferno; mount them with rebel steed, pay them with rebel money, and start them on their mission to ride down the bold men who shed loyal blood."

This fellow is for carrying out Grant's demand for "peace"—the peace that reigns in a house when all the lawful inmates are murdered.

The Waynesboro Tragedy.

Reports have reached Nashville of a bloody tragedy at Waynesboro on Saturday last. A large squad of negroes were in a field drilling, all armed with guns. They were approached by a number of citizens who [illegible] with them telling them they wished to be their friends and asked them to desist from their military preparations. The negroes then stacked their arms and the citizens returned, but after they had gone a little ways they were ambushed by the Sheriff and a large posse. The negroes who were drilling took no part in the shooting. A large number of citizens in Waynesboro and the surrounding country, on learning of the affair, at once armed and went to the scene of conflict. Pickets were thrown out, and every preparation made for a terrible fight. It is supposed that a bloody encounter must have occurred, but at this writing nothing more has come to hand.

The murder of Bierfield at Franklin on Saturday night was not prompted by political considerations. About a month since, a little white girl named Ezell was outraged by a negro, who was shortly after taken from the jail and hung. Two days afterwards, the girl's brother was shot dead by a lot of negroes, and it is now proved that Bierfield instigated the latter murder. There are no doubts that Ezell's friends killed Bierfield by way of retaliation. The Coroner's jury, composed of Radicals and rebels, rendered a verdict that the killing of Saturday night was accidental. Whether politics had anything to do with the matter or not, one thing is certain, that bitter feuds and animosities exist among all parties, which require but little fanning to inflame to a bloody strife.

The Tennessee Incendiaries.

We have heretofore referred to an exposed plot to burn the towns of Nashville, Franklin, Columbia, Pulaski, and Murfreesboro. One John Carper, it appears, was at the head of the affair. An investigation proved the following facts. We copy from the Nashville Union and Dispatch:

1. That John Carper is a bold, resolute man, and sincerely believes that the negro is superior to, or, as east should govern the white man. Upon this subject some of the witnesses thought he was a monomaniac, and this was the only evidence of his being crazy.

2. That he has always been a man of intense feelings; demonstrative, bitter, and relentless towards adversaries, or those he did not like.

3. That for several weeks past he has been in the habit of congregating large numbers of negroes at his house, both day and night, especially on Sunday, and has constantly taught them that they could not cope with the whites in open war, and their true mode of warfare was by burning houses when "the thing" should start; and that the advice applied to Nashville, Franklin, Columbia, Pulaski, and Murfreesboro.

4. The proof further showed, as we are informed—the writer of this not being present—that Carper originated this plan of conducting a war of races, and that he intends to lead it; that his wife encourages him in it by saying she is prepared to set fire to her own house when the time comes; and that he advises the killing of all ages and sexes.

5. The proof further showed that Carper was a man of some property; that he is a money-making man; that he always has money on deposit; that he is prompt and accurate in his business transactions; that he is a man of truth; that he is kind to his friends, except when enraged.

6. That evidence showed that the negroes have respect for and confidence in him.

7. The evidence showed further that the number of negroes in around town is from one to five thousand greater than usual, and that many of them are drilling in various localities daily.

THE Tennessee press is strongly advocating the repudiation of all bonds neccessary to support the militia, provided that latter are called out. There is no doubt that efforts will be made all over the State to carry this into effect, which will add further to the existing complications. The pressure in favor of prosecuting the Democratic canvass is so strong from all directions that it is now certain that the ticket will not be withdrawn with 50,000 militia in the field.

A MOVEMENT to get the President to remove Gen. Geo. H. Thomas from his command in Kentucky and Tennessee is pressed very esrnestly by the Conservatives from this quarter. They declare that Gen. Thomas is even more Radical than Brownlow.

A TENNESSEE paper says: "From present indications the Radicals of this State will have a one-sided race, the Conservatives being disposed to withdraw from the contest. We understand that the Hon. Em. Ethridge says he will make no speeches."

THE question as to whether or not Dyer county, Tennessee, shall take stock to the amount of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars in the Mississippi River Railroad, is now being thoroughly canvassed, and will be determined by a vote on the 4th of next month.

THE CROP PROSPECTS.—Our information from all sections of Kentucky and Western Tennessee is that the prospects for large crops of corn and tobacco were never better. The season has been remarkably fine and the crops have been well cultivated. From the cotton-growing region of West Tennessee, and also from North Mississippi, the accounts are that the crop is very fine. We can but rejoice at such prospects of abundance.

THE BANNER COUNTY.—In the last election the vote of Fulton county stood: For Stevenson, 849; for Baker 1! Beat this if you can?—*Paducah Kentuckian.*

IT is said that General Rosecrans has gone to Virginia to see General Lee.

GENERAL George H. Thomas has gone to Knoxville to visit Governor Brownlow.

GENERAL Saunders Piatt, of Ohio, has left the Radical party, and openly announced himself for Seymour and Blair.

SIGEL is for Seymour. So are they who fought with him.

Council Proceedings.

HICKMAN, Aug. 17.

Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present Mayor Landrum, Councilmen Lauderdale, Miller, Case, McCutchen, Brevard, and Frenz.

The minutes of last meeting were read, approved, and adopted.

City Tax Collector handed in his report showing amount collected from June 22d to August 17th, 1868, which was received and filed, and the City Clerk ordered to give J. A. Wilson, collector, a receipt for amount of vouchers herein presented.

T. C. Cunningham presented account of $56 as amount expended on streets as street Commissioner, which was allowed.

Mr. H. Buchanan presented an account of $15 for work done on Carrol street, which was ordered to be paid.

J. C. Steele, Wharfmaster, made a report of amount of wharfage collected from the 22d June to 31st of July, '68, amounting to $120 00, which was received and ordered to be filed.

The Mayor and Clerk, to whom had been assigned the funding of all old bonds outstanding the city, presented their report, showing that they had founded $235 92 to date, which was received and ordered to be filed.

The Board then adjourned.

J. H. MOREHEAD, Clerk.

MARRIED.

In Nashville, Tenn., on Monday, the 17th July, '68, by Father Wilkerson, Mr. HENRY JUDGE, of this place, and Miss JULIA E. BURKE, of Mayfield, Ky.

In Hickman, on the 9th by the Rev. J. B. Harris, Mr. J. G. KIRKENDOFFER and MRS. SARAH E. TURNER.

Also, by the same, on the same day, Mr. JESSE N. MILLS and MRS. MELISSA C. FORREST.

On the 20th, by Judge B. R. Walker, Mr. HIRAM SKIPWORTH and MRS. CYNTHIA WRIGHT.

BERKSHIRE HOGS FOR SALE.

WM. ALEXANDER, Jr, seven and a half miles from Hickman, has for sale BERKSHIRE HOGS.

may2—6m

Commercial.

HICKMAN COURIER OFFICE, Saturday, Aug. 22, '68.

WHEAT—The market still continues brisk, and the farmers are hurrying to bring forward all they have to spare to the market. We notice as many as fifty wagons of wheat on our streets Thursday, and the same can be said of almost every previous day. Our buyers are paying $2 00 for good choice Wheat.

APPLES—in boxes selling at $1 to 1 50; in barrels at $1 50 to 2 25.

SALT—per car load, 7 bushel barrels, selling at $3 75; per barrel 4 00.

Telegraphic Markets.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Gold—selling 144. Cotton heavy a shade higher; middling uplands 30c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 20.

WHEAT—The demand for it has been lanquid and prices have declined 10c. Choice and fancy red and white ranged at $2 17 to 2 35; prime and strictly prime red at $1 90 to 2 13; fair and good at $1 70 to 1 85.

CORN—Market heavy and drooping—yellow 92c; mixed white 94c; white 95c, and choice white at 96c per bushel.

OATS—Sales of black and mixed at 50c; and choice mixed and mixed white at 52c per bushel.

WHISKEY—Freely offered at $1 30 per gallon, without buyers, except in a w[illegible]

TOBACCO—The market was active with full prices. We quote stems nominal; scraps $2 to $4; unsound and common lugs at $7 to 8 50; sound lugs at $8 50 to 10 50; dard leaf $9 50 to 13; dark factory dried leaf $10 to 13; black wrappers $[illegible] to 16; bright leaf $15 to 40; fine and fancy do $40 to 75 per 100 lbs.

Cincinnati Markets.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 20.

FLOUR—Unchanged and dull—family at $10 to 10 25.

WHISKEY—Sold at 90c in bond, but buyers do not offer better than 85c per gallon.

BACON—Sides held at 16a17½ for clear rib and clear.

LARD—Held at 19c, but no inquiry.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 20.

Bacon—firm, shoulders 14; clear sides 18c. Corn 85c; Oats, 57a60; Hay, 22c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 20.

Cotton—Quite irregular, middling 29a30c; Flour—dull; treble extra $9 50a10; choice at $11 to $14; Corn $1 05 to 1 10.

SPECIAL NOTICES

The Heated Term.

August is invariably an unhealthy month, and the dog-days are universally quoted as an unhealthy season. Diseases more frequently terminate fatally at this time than at any other, owing to the relaxation of the system. This is, therefore, the proper time to use a remedy that will recuperate the strength and fortify the system against the attacks of disease. Experience has demonstrated the fact that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is the best medicine used to accomplish this desirable object. By its use the appetite is increased, digestion promoted, all feelings of depression removed, and the vital functions restored.—The afflicted should avoid all pernicious alcoholic preparations purporting to be tonics and restoratives, as they only afford temporary exhiliration, and eventually entail dangerous, if not fatal, results. This is never the case with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. They afford permanent benefit and soothe the nerves without reaction following their use. The weak and debilitated, by its aid, awake to a sense of the enjoyments of life, and they are enabled once more to take their accustomed positions in society. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS are now considered the standard remedy for all diseases arising from an impurity of the blood. They are manufactured in great quantities, and there is scarcely a city or hamlet on the habitable globe where they may not be found.

Beware of Counterfeits! Smith Tonic Syrup has been counterfeited, and the counterfeiter brought to grief.

SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP.

The genuine article must have Dr. John Bull's private stamp on each bottle. Dr. John Bull only has the right to manufacture and sell the original John Smith's Tonic Syrup of Louisville, Ky. Examine well the label on each bottle. If my private stamp is not on the bottle, do not purchase, or you will be deceived. See my column advertisement, and my show card. I will prosecute any one infringing on my right. The genuine Smith's Tonic Syrup can only be prepared by myself.

The public's servant,
DR. JOHN BULL,
Louisville, Ky.

apl25

GREAT BARGAINS AT AUCTION.

DR. G. S. MILES has on hand a stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS SHOES, etc., and will sell them every

SATURDAY MORNING,

commencing at 10 o'clock, to the highest bidder, in Hickman, at L. Rosenburg's old stand. [aug15—tf

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

HICKMAN, KENTUCKY.

THIS new and elegant Hotel neatly furnished throughout, and provided with all conveniences, is now opened to the traveling public.

☞ Watch kept at all hours.

THOS. PARKS & CO.,
aug9 Proprietors.

Tri-Weekly Mail Packet Between CAIRO AND HICKMAN.

THE STEAMER GENERAL ANDERSON, will hereafter make regular tri-weekly trips between CAIRO, COLUMBUS, and HICKMAN, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Close connection made with the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad at Hickman, the Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Columbus, and the Railroad and Regular Packets at Cairo.

J. W. McKINNEY,
aug8—tf. Master.

JOHN TROUTWINE,

New Grocery and Provision Store.

HICKMAN, KY.,

Kentucky Street, at Parker's old stand,

KEEPS on hand a general supply of Family Groceries, Provisions and Liquors, etc., which he offers to sell cheap. aug15

A BARGAIN.

I WISH to exchange Two Desirable Lots, on a corner near factories—good retail grocery stand—for a HOME in some pleasant River village in Kentucky. Would not object to a little farm near a town.

☞ Address, Box 300, Evansville, Ind.

THE BANKRUPT LAW EXTENDED!

A Chance for the Unfortunate.

THE benefit of the Bankrupt Act has been extended to FIRST OF JANUARY, 1869. All who wish to avail themselves of the said extension had better call at once. We are prepared with all the necessary Blanks, &c., and can promise a discharge as soon as it can possibly be obtained.

aug8-1m ROULHAC & LAUDERDALE.

J. AMBERG,

Western Kentucky Pioneer!

DRY GOODS REGULATOR!

Has been in the business for twenty-five years in this place, and announces to the citizens of Western Kentucky and Tennessee that he will sell as low as the lowest, the following merchandise:

Dry Goods,

Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HATS AND CAPS,

HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE

Groceries and Furniture.

His stock comprises a full assortment of everything usually kept in such establishments.

NEW DRUG STORE!

SIGN OF THE

RED MORTAR.

CHAS. A. HOLCOMBE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGIST,

CLINTON STREET.

Hickman, Kentucky.

Dealer in

Pure Drugs, Medicines,

AND CHEMICALS,

OILS, VARNISHES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS,

SPICES, WINDOW GLASS, and PUTTY.

Also, *FINE VIRGINIA SMOKING and CHEWING TOBACCO, SNUFF and CIGARS,*

PURE

WINES, BRANDIES AND WHISKIES

for Medical use.

Patent Medicines,

of all kinds. Also,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

such as COMBS, BRUSHES, Handkerchief Extracts, Rouge, Lilly White, Pomades, Hair Oil, Flavoring Extracts for cooking, and TOILET AND WASHING SOAPS, and a variety of other articles such as are usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

Prescriptions—Having had considerable experience in the Drug Business, Physicians and all others may rely upon having them filled with care and accuracy.

☞ Country Merchants and others are requested to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

E. S. HAWKINS,
WITH
H. A. HUNTINGTON,
DEALER IN
Fine Custom Made Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,
NO. 3 NORTH CHERRY STREET,
Nashville, Tenn.
mar14—3m.

A. G. EWING. HENRY EWING.

EWING & CO.,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS & COMMISSION

Merchants,

Nos. 14 and 16 South Market street,

Nashville, Tenn.

STACEY HOUSE,

[illegible], TENN.

CLAY ROBERTS,

Proprietor.

sept14—1[illegible]

MANSION HOUSE,

Nashville, Tenn.,

Market Street, North Side Public Square.

JAS. R. BRUCE, Proprietor.

THE utmost care given to the comfort of guests, and charges less than at any other hotel in Nashville. A share of the traveling patronage respectfully solicited.

NICHOLSON HUOSE,

Corner Church and Spruce Streets, near N. & C. and N. & N. W. Railroads,

Nashville, Tenn.

THIS house is situated in the most pleasant part of the city, excellent accommodations, and entirely free from the bustle and confusion usual to large hotels. jy20

St. Cloud Hotel,

Corner Church and Summer Street,

J. Winbourn, Proprietor.

Nashville, Tenn.

sept14—1y

MILLET & ROULHAC,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

AND offer for sale, at the lowest prices a complete stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, &c.,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

DRESS TRIMINGS,

HATS, and BONNETS, &c.

Call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Special inducements offered to Country Merchants.

Also, a large and well selected stock of

Groceries,

WOODEN WARE, &c.

MANSFIELD COTTON FACTORY.

SALT,

LIME,

CEMENT,

always on hand and for sale cheap.

MILLET & ROULHAC,
Millet Block, Hickman, Ky.

N. P. HARNESS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

ALSO,

Tenn. and Mo. Iron, Steel and CASTINGS,

Axes, Hubbs, Fellows, Spokes, etc, etc, and all kinds of

Woodwork.

ALSO,

STOVES,

Grates, Tin, Copper and SHEET-IRON WARE.

Job Work

one to order, such as Guttering, Roofing, etc. all kinds of

MILL WORK, BRAZING, COPPER PIPES, Etc., Etc.

CLINTON STREET,

(next door to V. A. McKutchen's Store,)

Hickman, Ky.

S. N. WHITE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STOVES AND TINWARE, CUTLERY,

HARDWARE AND CASTINGS,

Oil Lamps, and Lanterns, and a general assortment of Provisions.

HAVING reliable workmen employed, I engage to do JOB WORK, such as Roofing, Guttering, and Repairing. Country produce taken for goods.

Clinton street, Hickman, Ky.

jan25—1y.

V. A. M'CUTCHEN,

WHOLESALE AND

RETAIL GROCER,

and dealer in

WINES, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., corner Clinton and Cumberland sts, Hickman, Ky.

☞ Orders promptly filled.

jan4 1y.

ICE CREAM SALOON!

PHILLIP KAISER,

INFORMS the public that he has opened an

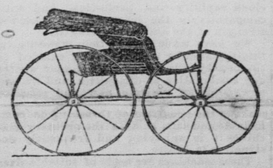
ICE CREAM SALOON

on Water street, opposite Overton, Steele & Co.'s Wharfboat.

Orders from Pic-nics and Parties solicited. Sherbeth of all kinds, and different kinds of Ice Cream, made to order.

Rooms fitted up especially for Ladies. Entrance east side. jo13

KIRKPATRICK & BRO.,



Carriage Makers,

Exchange street,

HICKMAN, - - - - - KY.

REPAIRING

neatly done at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. jan4 1y

THE HANDWRITING OF GOD

IN EGYPT,

SINAI, AND THE HOLY LAND!

THE records of a journey from the great valley of the West to the Sacred places of the East, by Rev. D. A. Randall.

J. B. ROBINSON is the only authorized agent for this valuable work in this section. july25—2m.

Southern Express Company

FORWARD MONEY and Freight to all points in the United States and the Territories; also to all points in Europe.

OVERTON, STEELE & CO.,
oct12 Agents.

W. R. Walker

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN MORTAR,

HICKMAN, : : : KENTUCKY.

General Insurance Agency.

SAMUEL LANDRUM,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

CINTON STREET, HICKMAN, KENTUCKY,

Represents the following No. 1 Companies:

MUTUAL BENEFIT, Newark, New Jersey, Assetts,	$14,000,000 00
MUTUAL LIFE, New York, Assetts,	23,000,000 00
NEW YORK LIFE, Assetts,	8,000,000 00
HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO., Hartford, Assets,	1,788,153 32 00
PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, net cash Assets, July 1st, 1867,	1,076,383 85
UNITED FIRE AND MARINE, Covington, Ky., Assetts,	390,000 00
UNDERWRITERS' AGENCY, New York, cash Assets,	$3,505,646 55

We publish below a partial list of the names of persons insured at the above Agency:

Joseph S Hubbard,	Thomas C Buck,	Edwin K Warren,
Samuel McCartney & Co,	William A Brevard,	George M Wilborn,
Henry M Robinson,	John C Steele,	John H Davis,
M Hertwick & Bro,	Benjamin C Ramage,	Wm L McCutchen,
A D Kingman,	Charles A Holcombe,	Markus Kertner,
Maj John A Lauderdale,	Robert Hellen,	Warren & Martin,
Julian Nail,	B R Walker,	Joseph M White & Co,
Frank Bartoldus,	Holcombe & Thompson,	J A Carruthers & Co,
William Guthrie,	Francis Miller,	Augusta Margraff,
Mrs Annie L Robinson,	Wolf & Plaut,	William B Benny,
Dr H H Wilson,	Lane & Mallory,	Tyler & Murphy,
V A McCutchen,	Fritz Hellner,	James K Lane,
Albert F Kinney,	John Witting,	Mrs Barbara Troutwine,
Mrs Helen Wilkins,	L Rosenberg,	W R Walker,
Louis Person,	Mrs Mary L Burnett,	South'n Bank of Kentucky,
N Barksdale,	Mrs E Wilborn,	James P Cheatham,
J A Plaut,	Andrew Jackson Lodge,	Mrs S A Roulhac,
Daniel F Rapalgee,	Walter I Powell,	Mrs E C Baltzer,
Rev Thos J Hutchison,	John C Heinze,	Isaac C Reavis & Son,
Wade H Pyle,	Dr Daniel White,	Benj D Irvine,
James G McMurray,	Joshua Dodds,	Wm C Scott,
Andrew J Lawson,	John L Luttrell,	Mrs Harriet H Thomason,
William H Gardner,	Henry Huntley,	Mrs H Frenz & Son,
John R McGehee,	Benj F Easley,	Robert W Easley,
Albert S Anderson,	Carry & Patton,	James A Overton,
Carl Margraff,	Charles Baltzer,	Henry M Robinson,
John Semones,	Noah L Nelson,	M Wolf,
William D Corbett,	Edmund W Stephens,	Taylor & Wiley,
John D Walker,	Maximilian Hertwick,	Peter W Mott,
Bynum & Bro,	Alfred C Berry,	Miss Ellen E Anderson,
Wilson M Bacon,	Charles Oswald,	A B Taylor,
William McCluskey,	William T Osborn,	L Fletcher,
Abram A Patton,	John A Wilson,	Mrs Magalien Bunch
Fritz Semse,	Eliphalett Case,	Richard Owens.

Parties desiring POLICIES OF INSURANCE can obtain the same on short notice in either of the old reliable companies, represented by the undersigned, by application to him at his office on Clinton street, Hickman, Ky.

jan18—tf SAMUEL LANDRUM, Agent.

J. A. OVERTON, JOHN C. STEELE,
W. H. GARDNER. JOHN C. GARDNER.

OVERTON, STEELE & CO.,

Forwarding and

Commission Merchants,

Transfer Agents

NASHVILLE & NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY,

GENERAL COMMERCIAL AGENTS,

HICKMAN, KY.

HAVING TWO GOOD WHARFBOATS and a large Warehouse, we are fully prepared to meet the demands of those intrusting their business to us.

We have the agency for the well known *KANAWHA SALT COMPANY*, and keep constantly on hand a large supply of Salt, which we sell at lowest prices. We also keep

LIME, CEMENT, COTTON TIES, ROPE and BAILING,

to supply our customers. Liberal advances made on Produce in store for shipment to our friends in New Orleans or New York. Orders for any kind of merchandise promptly filled, when accompanied by the cash. oct12

CITY HOTEL,

HICKMAN, KY.

MRS. NANCY DILLON, Proprietess.

THE greatest care given to the comfort of her guests; and charges reasonable.

apri 25—3m

Eagle Mills,

OF

HICKMAN, KY.

MR. H. M. ROBINSON, having purchased the above Mills, announces to the public, that the Mills are now in complete

RUNNING ORDER,

and will hereafter be ran regularly and to their full power. The best quality of

FLOUR AND CORN MEAL

always on hand.

The highest cash price paid for Wheat.

H. M. ROBINSON,
july5 1y Proprietor.

BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

CASPER SOHM & CO.,

JACKSON STREET, HICKMAN, KY.

SAY to the citizens of Hickman and vicinity, that they are prepared to do all kind of work in their line upon short notice and as cheap as can be done by this market. REPAIRING of all kind solicited. Boots and Shoes kept on hand for sale.

nov9 1y

Provision Store Removed.

GEO. W. STUBBLEFIELD, announces to his friends and customers, that he has removed his Provision House, to his old stand, opposite the County Jail, where he would be pleased to serve them with the Freshest and Best Meats, etc., at the lowest market prices. jy 11—tf

H. C. BAILEY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

and general

Produce Merchant,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

ON KENTUCKY STREET,

Hickman, Ky.

A. PLAUT,

PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER,

AND DEALER IN

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

HICKMAN, KY.

WATCHES neatly repaired and warranted. Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange, at the Hubbard corner. With Wolf & Plaut. jan4 1y

FRANK BARTOLDUS

DEALER AND MANUFACTURER

of all kinds of

Furniture,

OF THE LATEST STYLES AND PATTERNS.

FINE PARLOR AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Rocking and Easy Chairs, Mattresses, Etc., Etc.

☞ Wooden and Metalic Coffins constantly on hand and at reduced rates.

JACKSON STREET,

HICKMAN, - KY.

Repairing done at shortest notice.